

EN

# **TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR CHILLERS AND HEAT PUMPS**





Air condensed duct water chillers and heat pumps PERFORMA MPE series







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### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

Galletti S.p.A. with head office in Via Romagnoli 12/a Bentivoglio (Bologna) - Italia, declares herewith under its own responsibility that all water chillers and heat pumps series: (see table below) units for air-conditioning systems for civil conditioning application, are produced in accordance with following directives: **CEE 73/23, 89/392, 91/368, 93/44, 93/68, 89/336, 97/23 (PED)**.

These units are made by assembly of components (compressors, heat exchangers with braze welded plates, liquid receiver, pipelines, regulating and safety valves), each component, if requested by the law, has its own declaration in accordance with the directives in force: the determination of the units belonging category is the result of the analyse of all components subjected to the **PED** directive and correspond to the highest class between the used components.

For each unit series the conformity of the assembly has been evaluated by notified bodies through the application of procedure for evaluation (forms) according to the annex II of the **97/23 PED** directive, as reported in the following table:

# Bentivoglio, 02/07/2014 Galletti S.p.A. Luca Galletti





Serie	Grandezza	Organismo Notificato	N° certificato	Procedura di valutazione di conformità	Categoria PED	Marcatura
Range	Size	Notified body	certificate	Conformity Compliance Module	PED category	Marking
MCC - MCC H	6-7-9-12-15	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MCC - MCC H	18-22-25-33-37	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MCW - MCW / H	5-7-10-12-15-18-20	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MCW - MCW / H	22-27-31-39	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPE - MPEH	4-5-7-8-10-13-15-18	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MPE - MPEH	20-24-27-28-32-35-40-54-66	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPE - MPEH	T30-T34-T40-T45-T54-T61-T69-T76	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPE D - MPE D H	7-8-10-13-15-18	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MPE D - MPE D H	20-24-27-28-32-35-40-54-66	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPE D - MPE D H	T30-T34-T40-T45-T54-T61-T69-T76	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPI	15	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MPI	27	0425	2422/0	Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MPI DC	8-10-14-15-18	0425	2 122,0	Modulo D1	I	CE
MPI DC	23-27-29	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
HWMC	10	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
HWMC	13-18-23-29	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
MCP	7-9	0425		Modulo D1	I	CE
MCP	10-13-15-18-27-32-40-T18-T22-T24-T30	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
LCE - LCE H	42-52-62-72-82-91/2/4-101/2/4-121/2/4- 141/2/4-161/2/4-174-194-214	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED
LEW	41-42-51-52-61-62-71-72-81-82-91-92- 111-112-131-132-141-144-161-162-164- 181-182	0425		Modulo D1	II	CE + PED





Galletti S.p.A. via L.Romagnoli 12/a 40010 Bentivoglio (BO) Italia

# Made in Italy CATEGORIA 1

CE

Serial number

Code

Date of production

Cooling capacity (W)

Heating capacity (W)

Power supply

Power input (kW)

Weight (kg)

Max power input (kW)

Max running amperage (A)

HP Power input (kW)

Refrigerant

Max refrigerant pressure (bar)

Max refrigerant temperature (°C)





# UNIT IDENTIFICATION

The unit data are reported on the rating label in this page.

# THE LABEL SHOWS THE FOLLOWING DATA:

- Series and size of the unit
- Date of manufacture
- Main technical data
- Manufacturer
- The label is applied on the unit, usually on the enclosing panels beside the condenser coil.

### **IMPORTANT: NEVER REMOVE THE LABEL**

- Serial number of the unit
- The serial number permits to identify the technical characteristics and the components installed
- Without this datum it will be impossible to identify the unit correctly

### TRANSLATION OF ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

WATER CHILLERS AND HEAT PUMPS ARE IN ACORDARCE WITH THE LAW 97/23/CE (PED) FILLING IN D1 FORM, APPROVED BY THE THIRD NOTIFIED BODY ICIM N°0425.

The technical and dimensional data reported in this manual may be modified in view of any product improvement.

# 1 LA SERIE

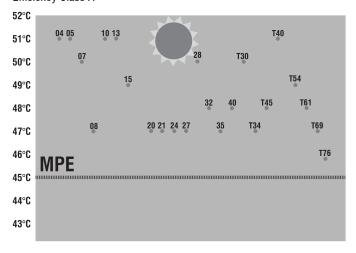
PERFORMA (MPE) water chillers and heat pumps are designed for outdoor installation in both residential and industrial applications.

The range uses R410A refrigerant, which assures high levels of performance with relatively low energy consumption and features 19 models in the chiller and heat pump version, with cooling capacities ranging from 7 to 66 kW and heating capacities from 8 to 75 kW.

# **BEYOND CONVENTIONAL WORKING LIMITS**

The finned block heat exchangers have been optimised for R410A and use 8 mm copper pipes, which permit a better heat exchange and quiet operation of the fans.

Their generous sizing guarantees the production of chilled water even with outdoor air temperatures as high as 51°C and all models of the range assure an average energy efficiency ratio (EER) of 2.95 in the cooling mode and heating efficiency (COP) of 3.25, corresponding to the Eurovent Energy Efficiency Class A



# **EFFICIENCY IN ALL CONDITIONS**

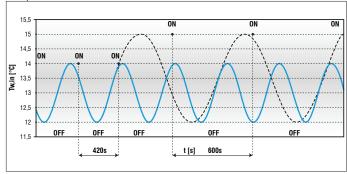
The actual thermal load of an air conditioning system is less than 60% of the rated load capacity 90% of the time; the MPE T version with single-circuit dual compressor answers this demand by offering high efficiency during operation under partial load conditions (ESEER>4) and also guarantees the unit's operation at the worst temperature conditions.

In such conditions the microprocessor controller activates the capacity control mode, doubling the condensing surface available to the single compressor. The axial-type fans with airfoil-shaped blades and 6- and 8-pole motors with electronic speed control (optional) guarantee quiet operation and optimal performance of the unit in all conditions.

### **SELF-ADAPTIVE**

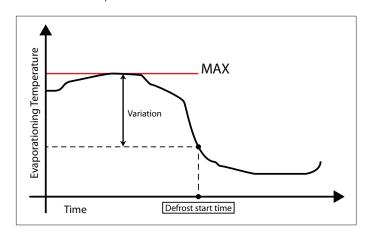
The electronic control system allows the setpoint to be adjusted automatically according to the outdoor temperature in order to reduce consumption and broaden the working temperature range.

The unit can also function in systems with a low water content, even without the use of a storage reservoir, thanks to the automatic adjustment which limits the number of compressor starts and thus extends the life of the compressors themselves



### SMART DEFROST SYSTEM

The exclusive defrost system (optional feature available with the advanced controller) can correctly identify an impairment of performance in the outdoor exchanger due to the formation of ice and minimise the process time in relation to normal operation of the unit.



# **RADIAL FANS**

The impellers are made in a single piece with an alloy of special materials developed so as to ensure high rotational speeds, and thus a high power density of the fan. The impellers' design was developed using complex simulation models optimized through experimental tests performed on prototypes. The result is a uniform air flow over the impeller's entire cross section, in order to guarantee very low pressure loss. A uniform air flow profile also results in fewer noise sources and, therefore, extremely low noise levels during operation.

The MPE DUCTED radial fans can be equipped with a permanent magnet (brushless) electric motor, controlled by an inverter, which enables continuous adjustment in the number of fan revolutions.

The great advantage of brushless motors is the significant reduction in power consumption, which in instant operations reaches up to 1/3 of that of conventional motors and at around 50% in integrated operations, with a corresponding reduction in CO2 emissions!





# 2 CONSTRUCTIVE FEATURES

### **STRUCTURE**

Painted galvanised sheet steel structure (RAL9002) for an attractive look and effective resistance to corrosive agents.

Fastening devices are made of non-oxidizable materials, or carbon steel that has undergone surface-passivating treatments.

The compressor compartment is completely sealed and may be accessed on 3 sides thanks to easy-to-remove panels that greatly simplify maintenance and/or inspection.

Sound insulation, available on request, can further reduce the noise emissions of the unit.

### **CUSTOMISED HYDRAULIC KIT**

 High head pump made entirely of stainless steel, already configured for use with mixtures of water and ethylene glycol up to 35% and provided with internal thermal protection.

It is housed in the compressor compartment and is easy to reach thanks to the removable perimeter panels.

- Expansion tank.
- Safety valve.
- Filling cock (included).
- Automatic vent valve.
- Water differential pressure switch and outlet water temperature probe with anti-freeze thermostat function.
- Mechanical Y filter supplied as a standard feature on all models to protect the evaporator (included).

### **COOLING CIRCUIT**

- Scroll-type compressor (rotary up to 7 kW) housed in a compartment that can be sound insulated.
- Brazed plate heat exchangers made of STAINLESS STEEL and optimised for use with R410A.
- Finned block condenser with 8 mm copper piping and aluminium fins, characterised by ample heat exchange surfaces.
- Dehydrating filter.
- Flow indicator with humidity indicator.
- Thermostatic valve with external equalisation and integrated MOP function.
- Cycle-reversing valve (MPED H).
- Single-acting valves (MPED H).
- Liquid receiver (MPED H)
- High and low pressure switches.
- Safety valve.
- Schrader valves for checks and/or maintenance.
- Refrigerant pressure gauges (optional)

# **VENTILATION SECTION**

Statically and dynamically balanced centrifugal fans with backward-curved blades, directly mounted on the electric motor.

All units are equipped with phase-cut speed regulator controlled by the ratiometric pressure probe or by means of EC fans.

The ventilation compartment is completely insulated with anti-condensation material and is separated from the compressor/electrical system compartment for inspection purposes when the unit is working (without interfering with the finned block exchanger)

The absence of belt drive and the frontally removable fan considerably reduce maintenance work.

The use of finned block heat exchangers with 8mm diameter pipes reduces pressure drops on the air side, thus significantly improving the noise levels of the units.

### FINNED BLOCK HEAT EXCHANGER

Made of 8mm diameter copper pipes and aluminium fins, generously sized. The special engineering of the heat exchangers allows defrost cycles to be carried out at maximum speed in the models with heat pump operation, which

brings clear benefits in terms of the integrated efficiency of the whole cycle.

### ELECTRONIC MICROPROCESSOR CONTROL

The electronic control enables the complete control of the MPED unit. It can



be easily accessed through a polycarbonate flap with IP65 protection rating.

The self-adaptive logic enables the unit to operate even in systems where the water content is low, without the use of an inertial water storage reservoir. By reading the outdoor air temperature, it can automatically change the setpoint to adapt it to the outdoor load conditions or keep the unit running even in the harshest winter conditions.

The basic controller comes complete with the MODBUS protocol and enables an immediate connection to ERGO networks.

### Main functions

- Control over the temperature of water entering the evaporator.
- Management of the defrosting function (MPED-H)
- Control of fan speed (optional)
- Complete alarm management.
- Dynamic control of the setpoint according to the outdoor air temperature.
- Can be connected to an RS485 serial line for supervisory / teleassistance operation;
- Option of connecting a remote terminal that duplicates the control functions.

### Devices controlled:

- Compressor
- Fans
- Cycle-reversing valve (MPED-H).
- Water circulation pump.
- Antifreeze heating elements (optional)
- Alarm signalling relay

On request, it is possible to install the advanced controller whose functions extend to:

- LAN networks
- Smart Defrost System

### **ELECTRIC CONTROL BOARD**

The electric control board is constructed and wired in accordance with EEC Directive 73/23, Directive 89/336 on electromagnetic compatibility and related standards. Made of steel sheet, it is also protected by the enclosing panels of the machine.

### **OPTIONS**

Incorporable hydronic kits

Condensation control

Low noise execution

Refrigerant pressure gauges

Antifreeze heating elements on the water circuit

Electronic thermostatic valve

Heat recovery 25% (chiller)

Special exchangers (hydrophilic treatment, copper-copper, cataphoresis, anti-corrosion)

Air flow rate setting system

### **ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE**

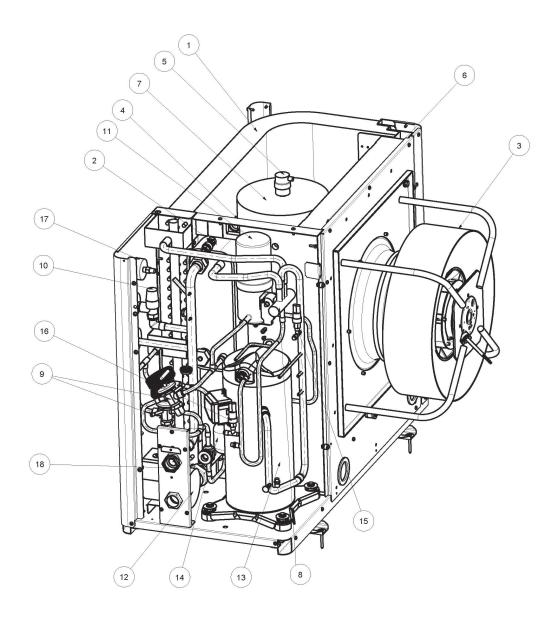
Remote control boards

Base vibration dampers

Metal grilles to protect exchangers



# **MPED 07 - 08**

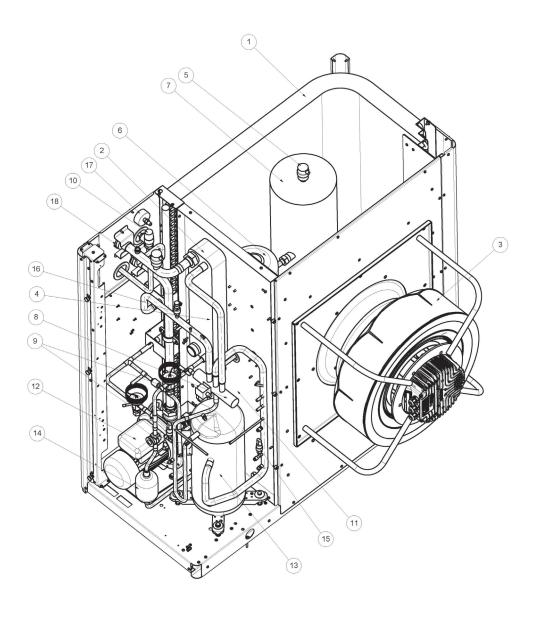


	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve

11.	Water safety valve
2.	Liquid receiver
3.	Pump
4.	Compressor
5.	Refrigerant filter
6.	Low pressure switch and charge port
7.	High pressure switch and charge port
8.	Water gauge
9.	Water charge



# **MPED 10 - 15**

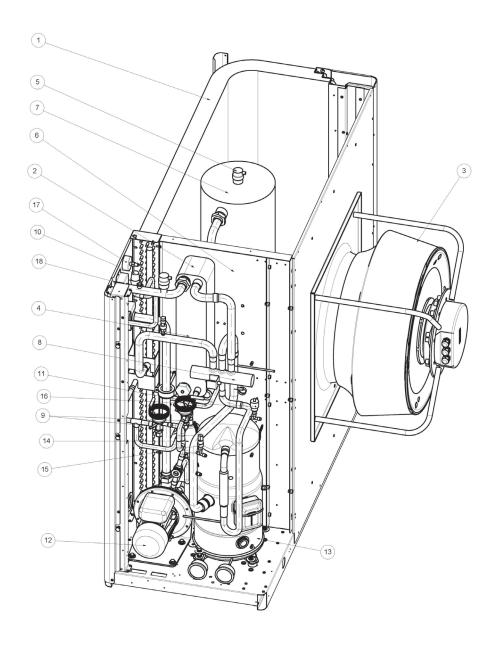


	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve

11.	Water safety valve
12.	Liquid receiver (fan housing)
13.	Pump
14.	Compressor
15.	Refrigerant filter
16.	Low pressure switch and charge port
17.	High pressure switch and charge port
18.	Water gauge
19.	Water charge



# **MPED 18 - 27**

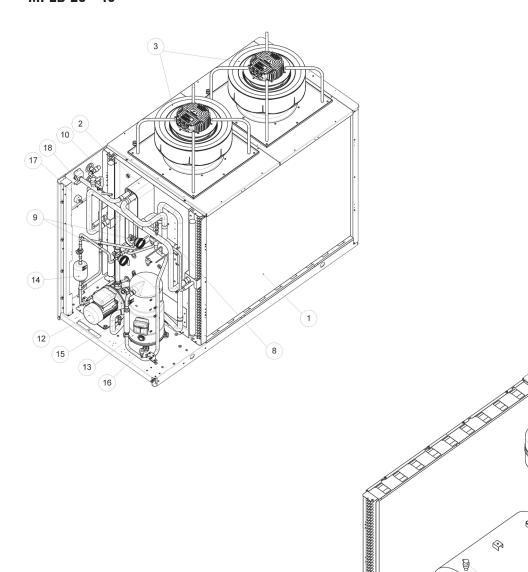


	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve

1.	Water safety valve
2.	Liquid receiver (fan housing)
3.	Pump
4.	Compressor
5.	Refrigerant filter
6.	Low pressure switch and charge port
7.	High pressure switch and charge port
8.	Water gauge
9.	Water charge



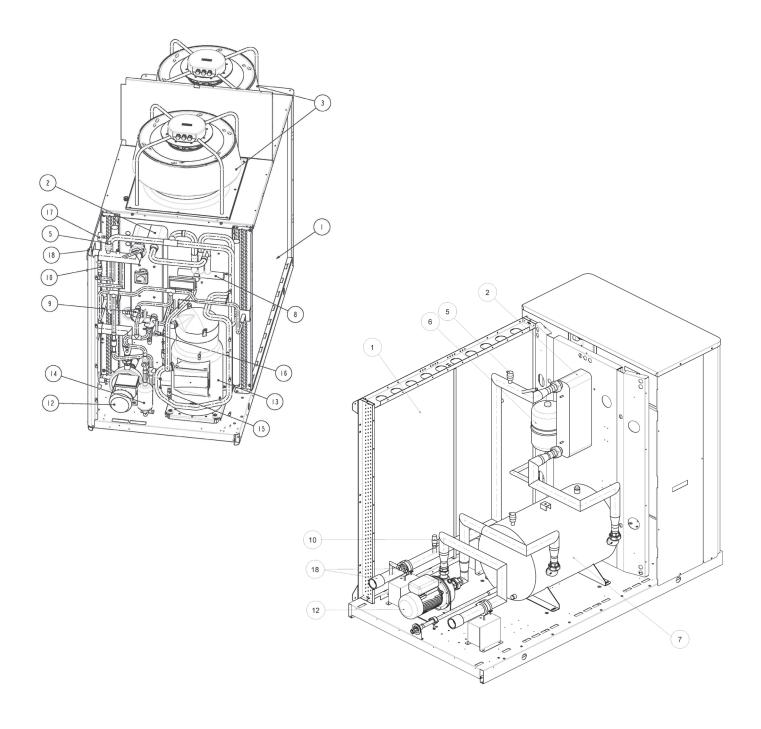
# **MPED 28 - 40**



	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve



# **MPED 54 - 66**

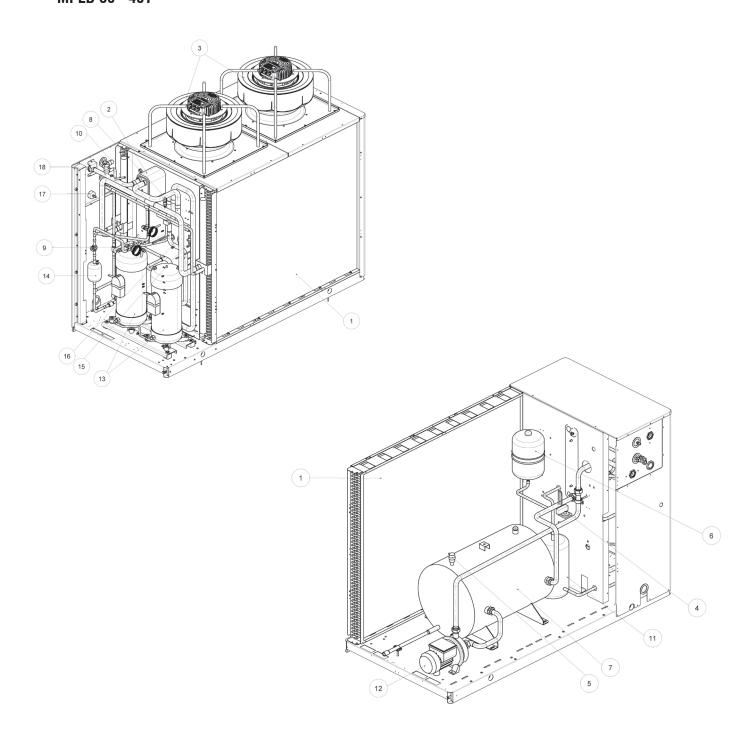


	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve

11.	Water safety valve
12.	Liquid receiver (fan housing)
13.	Pump
14.	Compressor
15.	Refrigerant filter
16.	Low pressure switch and charge port
17.	High pressure switch and charge port
18.	Water gauge
19	Water charge



# **MPED 30 - 45T**

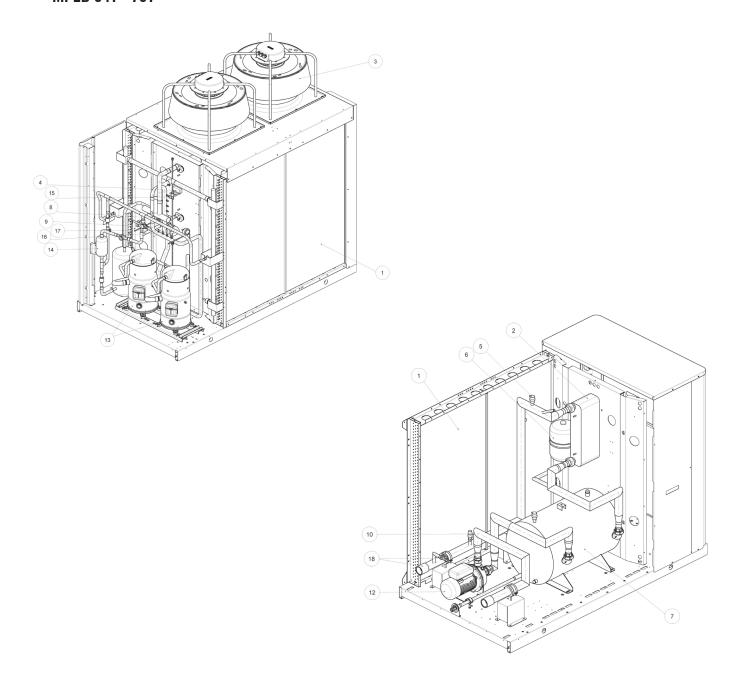


	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
9.	4-way valve (MPED H)
10.	Thermostatic valve

11.	Water safety valve
12.	Liquid receiver (fan housing)
13.	Pump
14.	Compressor
15.	Refrigerant filter
16.	Low pressure switch and charge port
17.	High pressure switch and charge port
18.	Water gauge
19.	Water charge



# **MPED 54T - 76T**



	DESCRIPTION
1.	R410A-air heat-exchanger
2.	R410A-water heat-exchanger
3.	Fans
4.	Water differential pressure switch (fan housing)
5.	Automatic air purge valve
6.	Expansion vessel (fan housing)
7.	Water tank (accessory)
8.	4-way valve (MPED H)
9.	Thermostatic valve

0.	Water safety valve
1.	Liquid receiver (fan housing)
2.	Pump
3.	Compressor
4.	Refrigerant filter
5.	Low pressure switch and charge port
6.	High pressure switch and charge port
7.	Water gauge
8	Water charge



# 4 MODELS AND CONFIGURATIONS

### FIELD OF APPLICATION

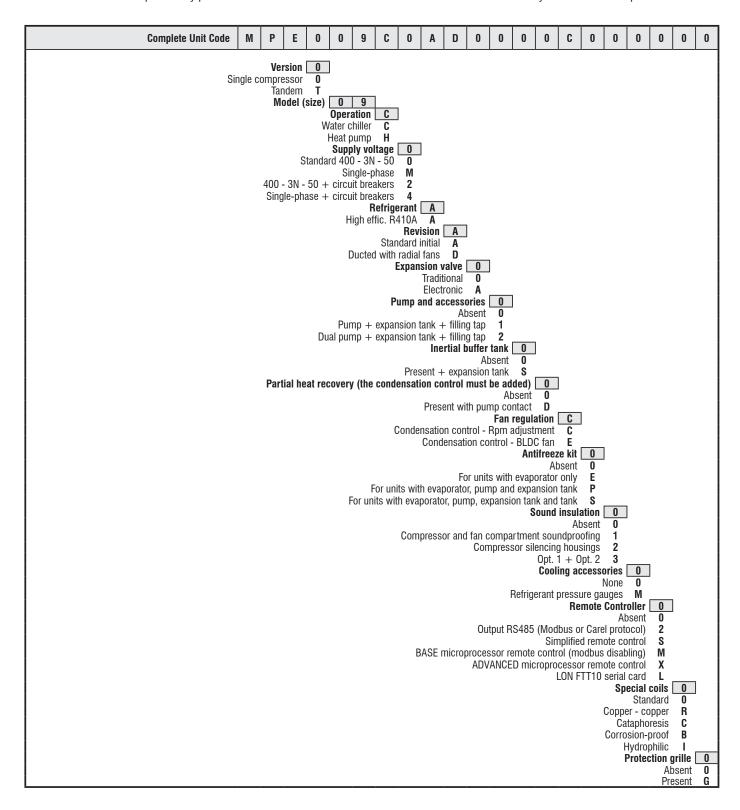
MPED air-condensed water chillers and heat pumps have been designed to cool and heat water for air conditioning and heating systems in residential or commercial buildings.

### **MODELS AND VERSIONS**

The MPED series features 19 models of varying capacity in both heat pump and cooling only versions.

All models are charged with R410A refrigerant.

N.B. The choice of some options may preclude the choice of others or make some other fields become mandatory. Contact Galletti S.p.A. for verification.





Complete Unit Code		0	1
	Compressor options		j
	Absent Power factor correction capacitors	0 1	
	Soft starter		
	Power factor correction capacitors + Soft starter Air/water low temperature, low pressure switch, crankcase heating element (chiller), coil wire (PDC)	3 4	
	Control microproce	ssor	1
	BASE microproce	ssor	1
	ADVANCED microproce		
	Advanced microprocessor + kit		
	Advanced microprocessor + clock	card	4

# **ACCESSORIES**

0	Horizontal air expulsion orientation (vertical STANDARD)
M	Manual air flow rate setting
A	Automatic flow rate setting (only ADVANCED microprocessor)
_	Base rubber vibration dumpers
_	Spring vibration dumpers kit
_	Simplified remote control
_	MYCHILLER BASE (RS485 is a mandatory accessory)
_	MYCHILLER PLUS (RS485 is a mandatory accessory)



#### 5.1 RATED TECHNICAL DATA OF WATER CHILLERS

MPED-C		007 M	008 M	008	010 M	010	013	015	018	020	024	027	028		
Power supply	V-ph-Hz	230-	1-50	400-3-50	230-1-50				400-	-3-50					
Cooling capacity (UNI EN 14511)	kW	6,66	8,35	8,48	9,17	9,18	12,8	14,9	17,5	19,9	24,2	27,9	27,9		
Total power input (UNI EN 14511)	kW	2,40	3,51	3,24	3,75	3,81	4,61	5,56	7,01	7,87	8,55	9,37	9,73		
EER (UNI EN 14511)		2,78	2,38	2,62	2,45	2,41	2,78	2,68	2,50	2,53	2,83	2,98	2,87		
ESEER		2,96	2,87	3,05	2,92	2,93	3,36	3,29	2,92	2,89	3,15	3,16	3,45		
Maximum power input	kW	3,32	5,28	5,28	7,26	7,81	9,46	11,0	13,7	13,8	13,5	14,4	15,3		
Maximum current absorption	Α	17	11	26	18	33	21	24	26	26	26	28	37		
Starting absorbed current	А	63	49	98	48	97	63	66	76	105	145	145	145		
n° of compressors / circuits		1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1		
Refrigerant charge	kg	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,9	2,9	4,0	4,1	3,7	4,2	5,8	6,0	7,5		
Low/high pressure switch	bar	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42		
n° of axial fan		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		
Air flow	m³/h	3533	3533	3533	7666	7666	7192	7192	13384	13384	12191	12191	16276		
Fan maximum head	Pa	157	157	157	320	320	386	386	311	311	430	430	240		
Fan net available head	Pa	75	75	75	120	120	120	120	180	180	180	180	180		
Water flow	l/h	1148	1438	1461	1591	1592	2224	2584	3033	3444	4200	4832	4823		
Diameter of hydrualic connections	ıı ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25		
Water side pressure drop	kPa	6	6	6	34	34	61	38	53	53	51	37	40		
Available pressure head	kPa	69	67	67	115	115	80	101	126	120	108	116	141		
Water content escluding optionals	dm³	1,5	1,5	1,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	5,5		
Buffer tank	dm³	20	20	20	30	30	30	30	50	50	50	50	125		
Expansion tank	dm³	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8		
Height	mm	966	966	966	1247	1247	1247	1247	1565	1565	1565	1565	1988		
Length	mm	751	751	751	1012	1012	1012	1012	1131	1131	1131	1131	951		
Depth	mm	758	758	758	1224	1224	1224	1224	1274	1274	1274	1274	1823		
Inlet + radiated sound power level	dB(A)	74	73	73	75	75	74	74	79	79	78	78	80		
Outlet sound power level	dB(A)	75	75	75	82	82	81	81	84	84	81	81	89		
Inlet + radiated sound power level (LOW NOISE)	dB(A)	70	70	70	70	70	71	71	76	76	75	75	77		
Inlet + radiated sound pressure level	dB(A)	46	45	45	47	47	46	46	51	51	50	50	52		
Outlet sound pressure level	dB(A)	47	47	47	54	54	53	53	56	56	53	53	61		
Unit with pump and tank transport weight	kg	123	127	127	211	211	216	219	265	281	297	313	427		
Unit with pump and full tank operating weight	kg	132	136	136	227	227	232	236	301	317	333	350	534		

Cooling capacity: outdoor air temperature 35°C, water temperature 12°C / 7°C Sound power level measured according to standards ISO 3741 - ISO 3744 and EN 29614-1 Sound pressure level measured at a distance of 10 m and a height of 1.5 m above the ground in a free field (fan side).

The maximum electrical input is the mains electricity that must be available in order for the unit to work.

The maximum current absorption refers to the current that will trigger the internal safety devices of the unit. It is the maximum current allowed in the unit. This value may never be exceeded; it must be used as a reference for determining the size of the power supply line and the related safety devices (refer to the wiring diagram supplied with the units).



#### RATED TECHNICAL DATA OF WATER CHILLERS 5.1

MPED-C		032	035	040	054	066	T30	T34	T40	T45	T54	T61	T69	T76
Power supply	V-ph-Hz							400-3-50						
Cooling capacity (UNI EN 14511)	kW	31,3	34,7	39,4	51,0	65,6	29,8	33,9	39,3	44,2	54,2	61,4	69,3	75,6
Total power input (UNI EN 14511)	kW	11,3	12,7	13,9	19,8	26,2	11,5	13,8	14,8	17,6	21,7	24,7	26,8	30,8
EER (UNI EN 14511)		2,77	2,73	2,83	2,58	2,50	2,59	2,46	2,66	2,51	2,50	2,49	2,59	2,45
ESEER		3,33	3,33	3,44	3,43	3,04	3,63	3,56	3,68	3,57	3,15	3,19	3,43	3,46
Maximum power input	kW	17,3	18,5	21,0	28,6	35,2	22,7	25,4	25,3	27,1	30,7	33,2	37,8	42,0
Maximum current absorption	Α	41	43	47	55	66	50	55	55	58	57	61	69	76
Starting absorbed current	Α	166	161	183	221	266	103	115	146	156	177	187	202	229
n° of compressors / circuits		1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1
Refrigerant charge	kg	7,5	7,8	10,8	13,0	15,0	7,8	7,8	10,9	10,9	11,0	11,0	16,0	16,0
Low/high pressure switch	bar	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42
n° of axial fan		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Air flow	m³/h	16276	16276	15776	20048	20048	16276	16276	15776	15776	24933	24933	24354	24354
Fan maximum head	Pa	240	240	285	515	515	267	267	307	307	160	160	200	200
Fan net available head	Pa	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	120	120	120	120
Water flow	l/h	5415	6008	6816	8829	11342	5156	5854	6799	7648	9378	10629	11989	13075
Diameter of hydrualic connections	II .	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	2	2	2	2
Water side pressure drop	kPa	51	40	43	55	59	30	38	45	57	53	66	52	60
Available pressure head	kPa	123	128	117	107	92	148	133	116	94	136	119	127	115
Water content escluding optionals	dm³	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	7,0	8,0	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	7,0	8,0	11,0
Buffer tank	dm³	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Expansion tank	dm³	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Height	mm	1988	1988	1988	1991	1991	1988	1988	1988	1988	2013	2013	2013	2013
Length	mm	951	951	951	979	979	951	951	951	951	1182	1182	1182	1182
Depth	mm	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	2100	2100	2100	2100
Inlet + radiated sound power level	dB(A)	80	80	82	84	84	79	79	79	79	85	85	85	87
Outlet sound power level	dB(A)	89	89	86	85	85	86	86	86	86	88	88	88	88
Inlet + radiated sound power level (LOW NOISE)	dB(A)	77	77	79	81	81	76	76	76	76	82	82	82	84
Inlet + radiated sound pressure level	dB(A)	52	52	54	56	56	51	51	51	51	57	57	57	59
Outlet sound pressure level	dB(A)	61	61	58	57	57	58	58	58	58	60	60	60	60
Unit with pump and tank transport weight	kg	456	487	516	521	558	448	484	521	555	643	665	685	786
Unit with pump and full tank operating weight	kg	563	595	624	630	665	555	591	629	663	751	773	793	894

Cooling capacity: outdoor air temperature 35°C, water temperature 12°C / 7°C
Sound power level measured according to standards ISO 3741 - ISO 3744 and EN 29614-1
Sound pressure level measured at a distance of 10 m and a height of 1.5 m above the ground in a free field (fan side).

The maximum electrical input is the mains electricity that must be available in order for the unit to work.

The maximum current absorption refers to the current that will trigger the internal safety devices of the unit. It is the maximum current allowed in the unit. This value may never be exceeded; it must be used as a reference for determining the size of the power supply line and the related safety devices (refer to the wiring diagram supplied with the units).



#### 5.2 RATED TECHNICAL DATA OF HEAT PUMPS

MPED-H		007 M	008 M	008	010 M	010	013	015	018	020	024	027	028
Power supply	V-ph-Hz	230-	1-50	400-3-50	230-1-50				400-	3-50			
Cooling capacity	kW	6,53	8,18	8,31	9,00	9,00	12,5	14,6	17,1	19,5	23,7	26,8	27,3
Cooling power input	kW	2,45	3,55	3,29	3,82	3,81	4,76	5,71	7,12	7,86	8,64	9,73	8,56
EER		2,67	2,30	2,53	2,36	2,36	2,63	2,56	2,40	2,48	2,74	2,75	3,19
ESEER		2,96	2,87	3,05	2,92	2,93	3,36	3,29	2,92	2,89	3,15	3,16	3,45
Heating capacity	kW	7,79	10,3	9,93	11,0	11,0	15,4	17,8	20,5	23,4	27,7	30,4	31,5
Heating power input	kW	2,62	3,84	3,44	4,20	4,20	5,34	6,12	7,72	8,27	8,98	9,75	9,09
СОР		2,97	2,68	2,89	2,62	2,62	2,88	2,91	2,66	2,83	3,08	3,12	3,47
SCOP		3,18	2,95	3,15	2,95	2,95	3,25	3,37	2,95	2,95	3,29	3,42	3,35
Energy Efficiency		125	115	123	115	115	127	132	115	115	129	134	131
Energy Efficiency Class*		A+	Α	A+	А	Α	A+	A+	Α	Α	A+	A+	A+
Maximum power input	kW	3,32	5,28	5,28	7,26	7,81	9,46	11,0	13,7	13,8	13,5	14,4	15,3
Maximum current absorption	А	17	11	26	18	33	21	24	26	26	26	28	37
Starting absorbed current	А	63	49	98	48	97	63	66	76	105	145	145	145
n° of compressors / circuits		1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
Refrigerant charge	kg	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,9	2,9	4,0	4,1	3,7	4,2	5,8	6,0	7,5
Low/high pressure switch	bar	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42
n° of axial fan		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Air flow	m3/h	3533	3533	3533	7666	7666	7192	7192	13384	13384	12191	12191	16276
Fan maximum head	Pa	157	157	157	320	320	386	386	311	311	430	430	240
Fan net available head	Pa	75	75	75	120	120	120	120	180	180	180	180	180
Water flow in cooling mode	l/h	1125	1409	1431	1560	1561	2179	2532	2973	3376	4116	4628	4727
Water flow in heat pump	l/h	1348	1788	1720	1884	1884	2628	3053	3515	4020	4761	5237	5431
Diameter of hydrualic connections	п	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25
Water pressure drop (cooling)	kPa	6	6	6	33	33	59	37	51	51	50	34	39
Water pressure drop (heating)	kPa	8	8	8	46	46	85	52	72	71	64	44	50
Available pressure head (cooling)	kPa	69	67	67	115	115	80	101	126	120	108	119	141
Available pressure head (heating)	kPa	66	63	63	104	104	59	87	106	99	92	105	127
Water content escluding optionals	dm3	1,5	1,5	1,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	5,5
Expansion tank	dm3	20	20	20	30	30	30	30	50	50	50	50	125
Buffer tank	dm3	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8
Height	mm	966	966	966	1247	1247	1247	1247	1565	1565	1565	1565	1988
Length	mm	751	751	751	1012	1012	1012	1012	1131	1131	1131	1131	951
Depth	mm	758	758	758	1224	1224	1224	1224	1274	1274	1274	1274	1823
Inlet + radiated sound power level	dB(A)	74	73	73	75	75	74	74	79	79	78	78	80
Outlet sound power level	dB(A)	75	75	75	82	82	81	81	84	84	81	81	89
Inlet + radiated sound power level (LOW NOISE)	dB(A)	70	70	70	70	70	71	71	76	76	75	75	77
Inlet + radiated sound pressure level	dB(A)	46	45	45	47	47	46	46	51	51	50	50	52
Outlet sound pressure level	dB(A)	46	45	45	47	47	46	46	51	51	50	50	52
Unit with pump and tank transport weight	kg	126	130	130	215	215	220	224	270	286	302	318	433
Unit with pump and full tank operating weight	kg	135	139	139	232	232	237	241	306	322	338	355	540

Cooling capacity: outdoor air temperature 35°C, water temperature 12°C / 7°C
Heating capacity: outdoor air temperature 7°C dry bulb and 6.2°C wet bulb, water temperature 40°C/45°C
Sound power level measured according to standards ISO 3741 - ISO 3744 and EN 29614-1
Sound pressure level measured at a distance of 10 m and a height of 1.5 m above the ground in a free field (fan side).
The maximum electrical input is the mains electricity that must be available in order for the unit to work.

The maximum current absorption refers to the current that will trigger the internal safety devices of the unit. It is the maximum current allowed in the unit. This value may never be exceeded; it must be used as a reference for determining the size of the power supply line and the related safety devices (refer to the wiring diagram supplied with the units).

Seasonal energy efficiency class for LOW TEMPERATURE room heating under AVERAGE climatic conditions [EUROPEAN REGULATION No 811/2013]



#### 5.2 RATED TECHNICAL DATA OF HEAT PUMPS

MPED-H		032	035	040	054	066	T30	T34	T40	T45	T54	T61	T69	T76
Power supply	V-ph-Hz							400-3-50						
Cooling capacity	kW	30,6	34,0	38,6	51,6	62,3	29,3	33,2	38,5	43,3	53,1	60,2	68,1	74,1
Cooling power input	kW	10,1	11,6	12,8	17,7	24,1	10,3	12,6	13,7	16,5	19,2	22,2	24,5	28,5
EER		3,03	2,93	3,02	2,92	2,59	2,84	2,63	2,81	2,62	2,77	2,71	2,78	2,60
ESEER		3,33	3,33	3,44	3,43	3,04	3,63	3,56	3,68	3,57	3,15	3,19	3,43	3,46
Heating capacity	kW	35,9	39,5	45,2	61,4	75,8	34,6	39,5	46,7	53,2	60,4	68,1	77,0	85,4
Heating power input	kW	10,5	11,6	13,3	18,1	23,3	10,8	12,8	14,1	16,5	19,2	22,6	24,4	27,9
СОР		3,42	3,41	3,40	3,39	3,25	3,20	3,09	3,31	3,22	3,15	3,01	3,16	3,06
SCOP		3,36	3,44	3,43	3,27	3,24	3,23	3,30	3,38	3,36	2,95	2,95	2,95	2,95
Energy Efficiency		132	135	135	128	127	127	130	133	132	115	115	115	115
Energy Efficiency Class*		A+	A+	A+	А	А	А	А						
Maximum power input	kW	17,3	18,5	21,0	28,6	35,2	22,7	25,4	25,3	27,1	30,7	33,2	37,8	42,0
Maximum current absorption	A	41	43	47	55	66	50	55	55	58	57	61	69	76
Starting absorbed current	А	166	161	183	221	266	103	115	146	156	177	187	202	229
n° of compressors / circuits		1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1	2/1
Refrigerant charge	kg	7,5	7,8	10,8	13,0	16,0	7,8	7,8	10,9	10,9	13,0	13,0	19,5	19,5
Low/high pressure switch	bar	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42	2 / 42
n° of axial fan		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Air flow	m3/h	16276	16276	15776	20048	20048	16276	16276	15776	15776	24933	24933	24354	24354
Fan maximum head	Pa	240	240	285	515	515	267	267	307	307	160	160	200	200
Fan net available head	Pa	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	120	120	120	120
Water flow in cooling mode	l/h	5307	5888	6681	8932	10776	5053	5737	6663	7495	9189	10423	11766	12818
Water flow in heat pump	l/h	6173	6813	7800	10575	13063	5976	6818	8042	9155	10412	11733	13292	14730
Diameter of hydrualic connections	ıı .	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25	2	2	2	2
Water pressure drop (cooling)	kPa	49	39	42	56	54	29	37	44	55	51	64	50	58
Water pressure drop (heating)	kPa	64	51	54	82	81	39	52	58	74	58	74	56	69
Available pressure head (cooling)	kPa	123	128	117	107	92	148	133	116	94	136	119	127	115
Available pressure head (heating)	kPa	109	114	99	76	52	131	113	95	65	126	100	110	87
Water content escluding optionals	dm3	5,5	5,5	5,5	7,0	8,0	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	7,0	8,0	11,0	12,0
Expansion tank	dm3	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Buffer tank	dm3	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Height	mm	1988	1988	1988	1991	1991	1988	1988	1988	1988	2013	2013	2013	2013
Length	mm	951	951	951	979	979	951	951	951	951	1182	1182	1182	1182
Depth	mm	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	1823	2100	2100	2100	2100
Inlet + radiated sound power level	dB(A)	80	80	82	84	84	79	79	79	79	85	85	85	87
Outlet sound power level	dB(A)	89	89	86	85	85	86	86	86	86	88	88	88	88
Inlet + radiated sound power level (LOW NOISE)	dB(A)	77	77	79	81	81	76	76	76	76	82	82	82	84
Inlet + radiated sound pressure level	dB(A)	52	52	54	56	56	51	51	51	51	57	57	57	59
Outlet sound pressure level	dB(A)	61	61	58	57	57	58	58	58	58	60	60	60	60
Unit with pump and tank transport weight	kg	462	493	522	530	570	455	491	528	562	653	674	695	796
Unit with pump and full tank operating weight	kg	569	601	630	640	680	562	598	636	670	761	782	803	904

- Cooling capacity: outdoor air temperature 35°C, water temperature 12°C / 7°C
- Heating capacity: outdoor air temperature 7°C dry bulb and 6.2°C wet bulb, water temperature 40°C/45°C Sound power level measured according to standards ISO 3741 ISO 3744 and EN 29614-1
- Sound pressure level measured at a distance of 10 m and a height of 1.5 m above the ground in a free field (fan side).
- The maximum electrical input is the mains electricity that must be available in order for the unit to work.
- The maximum current absorption refers to the current that will trigger the internal safety devices of the unit. It is the maximum current allowed in the unit. This value may never be exceeded; it must be used as a reference for determining the size of the power supply line and the related safety devices (refer to the wiring diagram supplied with the units). Seasonal energy efficiency class for LOW TEMPERATURE room heating under AVERAGE climatic conditions [EUROPEAN REGULATION No 811/2013]



### 5.3 AIR FLOW RATE SETTING

The ducted unit's nominal operating point varies depending on the pressure drop of the duct downstream from the fan; therefore, for every installation it is necessary to check that the fan's air flow rate corresponds with the nominal air flow rate as a function of the duct's size.

The ducted unit's nominal operating point is calculated starting from the static pressure difference between the intake section (via an umbrella-handle shaped capillary tube) and the compartment's inner section (via 4 measuring points located along the compartment's circumference). The air flow rate is computed on the basis of the static pressure difference according to the following equation:

$$qv = k \cdot \sqrt{\Delta p}$$

qv in [m3/h],

 $\Delta p$  in [Pa].

Where k is a constant value supplied by the fan manufacturer according to the diameter of the compartment used.

The nominal air flow rate can be set as follows:

- Manually, by means of a base microchiller 2 controller
- Automatically, by means of an Advanced pCO controller

and sets a maximum value for the 0-10V signal of the condensation and evaporation control, which will correspond to the nominal air flow rate.

### **BASE CONTROLLER**

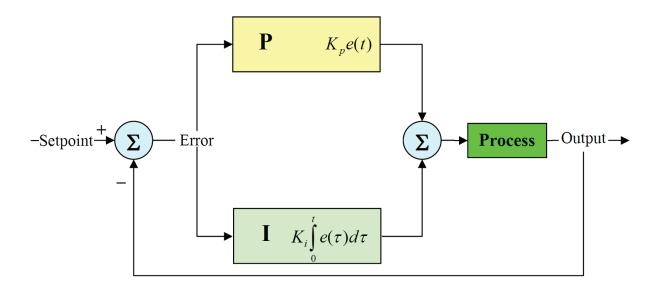
The installer will vary the fan speed in order to measure, using a differential pressure gauge (belonging to him/her), the  $\Delta p$  corresponding to the nominal air flow rate. On board the unit will be provided the table of the relationship between  $\Delta p$  and nominal flow rate.

### ADVANCED CONTROLLER

The automatic calibration of the flow rate is performed with a proportional-integrative logic on the known  $\Delta p$  value.

By means of a differential pressure transducer, the pressure difference between the intake section and the compartment's inner section can be converted into a 4-20mA or 0-10V signal to be sent to the microprocessor controller; the internal software will transform this signal into a differential pressure value.

The retroactive action of the logic will compare this value with the known parameter  $\Delta p$  (depending on the unit model), so as to vary the number of revolutions of the fans and, therefore, the air flow rate up to the design value. The pair of values,  $\Delta p$  and fan air flow rate, thus determined is set in the advanced microprocessor as the nominal operating point, which is useful for establishing the limit value for condensation/evaporation control. The auto-calibration procedure will be performed with the unit off and will have a preset maximum duration.





# 6 PERFORMANCE

In order to define the performances of MPED subject to conditions different from rated conditions, a computer program for the correct choice of the units is provided by Galletti SpA.

With a few input data it will be possible to get information on the behaviour of a MPED referring to the desired operating conditions.

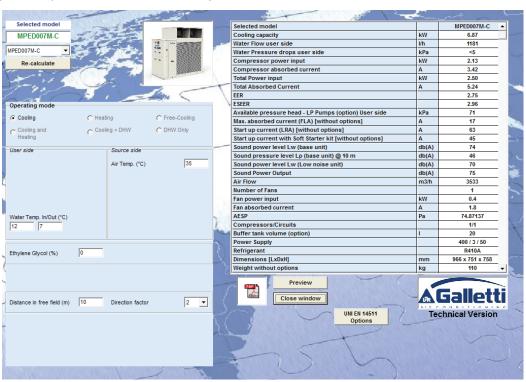
It will be sufficient to enter the following data:

- Inlet air temperature
- Inlet water temperature
- Outlet water temperature
- Ethylene glycol percentage (default 0)
- Directivity factor and distance

# Output data

- Cooling / heating capacity
- Water flow rate on user side
- Water pressure drop on user side
- Total power input
- Total Absorbed current
- Compressor Power Input
- Compressor Absorbed current
- EER
- ESEER
- COP
- Pump available head
- Maximum current (FLA)
- Inrush current (LRA)
- Inrush Current with Soft Starter kit
- Sound power level LW
- Sound pressure level Lp
- Air flow rate
- Number of fans
- · Fan input power
- Fan input current
- Compressors/Circuits
- Tank Capacity (optional)
- Power supply

The selection report generated by the software includes the drawing with overall dimensions.





# 6.4 INTEGRATED CAPACITIES

In the heat pump operation (heating mode), the actual heating capacities of units may be lower than the values shown in the table, due to defrosting cycles. To obtain the actual heating capacity, multiply the capacity values by the corrective coefficients given below.

Control	Air temperature- dry bulb (°C)										
Control	-5	0	5	>5							
mchiller2	0,89	0,88	0,94	1							
PCO XS	0,91	0,9	0,94	1							

# **7 SOUND LEVEL**

**LEGEND** 

**LpA** Total sound pressure level, weighted A, measured in an open field, at a distance of 10 m, with a directivity factor of 2.

Lw Sound power level by octave band, not weighted

LwA Total sound power level, weighted A

				Lw				Lv	/ A	L	рА
Model	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	4000 Hz	8000 Hz	Total	Low-noise version	Total	Low-noise version
	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB (A)	dB (A)	dB (A)	dB (A)
MPED 007 M	59,2	65,2	67,7	69,0	66,3	67,4	58,2	75	73	47	45
MPED 008 M	57,8	63,9	66,4	67,7	64,9	66,0	56,8	73	71	45	43
MPED 008	57,8	63,9	66,4	67,7	64,9	66,0	56,8	73	71	45	43
MPED 010 M	71,0	77,0	79,5	80,8	78,0	79,1	69,9	86	84	58	56
MPED 010	71,0	77,0	79,5	80,8	78,0	79,1	69,9	86	84	58	56
MPED 013	69,6	75,6	78,1	79,4	76,6	77,7	68,5	85	83	57	55
MPED 015	69,6	75,6	78,1	79,4	76,6	77,7	68,5	85	83	57	55
MPED 018	72,8	78,8	81,3	82,6	79,8	80,9	71,7	88	86	60	58
MPED 020	72,8	78,8	81,3	82,6	79,8	80,9	71,7	88	86	60	58
MPED 024	70,6	76,6	79,1	80,4	77,6	78,7	69,5	86	84	58	56
MPED 027	67,9	73,9	76,5	77,8	75,0	76,1	66,9	83	81	55	53
MPED 028	72,3	78,3	80,9	82,1	79,4	80,5	71,3	88	86	60	58
MPED 032	72,3	78,3	80,9	82,1	79,4	80,5	71,3	88	86	60	58
MPED 035	72,3	78,3	80,9	82,2	79,4	80,5	71,3	88	86	60	58
MPED 040	72,3	78,3	80,8	82,1	79,4	80,5	71,3	88	86	60	58
MPED 054	69,9	75,9	78,5	79,8	77,0	78,1	68,9	85	83	57	55
MPED 066	69,9	75,9	78,5	79,8	77,0	78,1	68,9	85	83	57	55
MPED 030 T	75,2	81,2	83,7	85,0	82,2	83,4	74,1	91	89	63	61
MPED 034 T	75,2	81,2	83,7	85,0	82,2	83,4	74,1	91	89	63	61
MPED 040 T	74,5	80,5	83,0	84,3	81,5	82,7	73,4	90	88	62	60
MPED 045 T	74,5	80,5	83,0	84,3	81,5	82,7	73,4	90	88	62	60
MPED 054 T	71,1	77,1	79,7	81,0	78,2	79,3	70,1	86	84	58	56
MPED 061 T	71,1	77,1	79,7	81,0	78,2	79,3	70,1	86	84	58	56
MPED 069 T	70,7	76,7	79,2	80,5	77,7	78,9	69,7	86	84	58	56
MPED 076 T	72,1	78,1	80,7	81,9	79,2	80,3	71,1	87	85	59	57



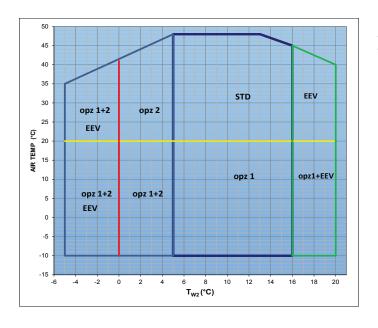
# **OPERATING LIMITS**

The graphs below illustrate the operating limits of MPED (in the case of continuous operation) in relation to the outlet water temperature and outdoor air temperature.

OPERATING LIMITS	CHILLER HEAT PUMP		PUMP	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Inlet water temperature (°C)	8	20 1	25	42
Outlet water temperature (°C)	5	15	28	50 <sup>2</sup>
Thermal differential of water (°C)	3	8	3	8
Outdoor air temperature (°C)	15 ³	45	-5	20

- For transitory periods (e.g. equipment start up) values up to 25 °C are allowed
- Value that may be reached only for outdoor air temperatures exceeding 0°C.
- With condensation control: outdoor air T min 10°C

Warning 🗥 The units are designed to work with water and air temperatures falling within the range defined by the operating limits. Attempting to operate the units beyond these limits could cause irreparable damage to the units themselves.

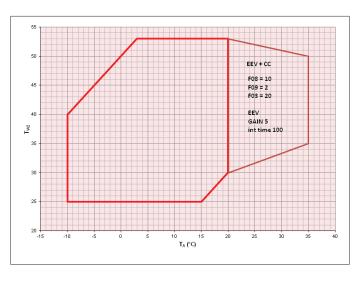


#### **OPERATING LIMITS IN CHILLER MODE** 8.1

TBS1 Outdoor temperature (dry bulb) Tw2 Water outlet temperature 0PZ 1 Condensation control **OPZ 2** Glycol + low temperature option

0PZ 1+2 Condensation control + glycol + low temperature option

**EEV** Electronic valve STD Standard



#### **OPERATING LIMITS IN HEAT PUMP MODE** 8.2

RH Relative humidity of outdoor air Tbs1 Outdoor temperature (dry bulb) Water outlet temperature Tw2

Heat pump operation within the right area of the extended operating envelope (beyond standard limits) can be allowed only for units equipped with condensation control (or EC fans) and electronic expansion valve.

Parameters F08-F093-F03 refer to standard microprocessor controller.

Parameters GAIN and INT TIME are regulation parameters; they have to be modified inside the electronic expansion valve driver. Both modifications should only made in the factory or implemented on the field, but only by Galletti's authorized personnel.

#### 8.3 THERMAL CARRIER FLUID

The units belonging to the MPED series can work with mixtures of water and up to 35% ethylene glycol.



# 9 CALCULATION FACTORS

### 9.1 CHANGE IN OPERATING PARAMETERS WITH DT OTHER THAN 5°C

After identifying the unit's performance in the terms of the desired outlet water temperature, correct the value by multiplying it by the following corrective coefficients.

$\Delta T_{w}$	$\mathbf{C}_{PF/PT}$	$\mathbf{C}_{PA}$	$\mathbf{C}_{qw}$	C <sub>∆pw1</sub>
3	0,975	1	1,63	2,64
4	0,99	1	1,24	1,53
5	1	1	1	1
6	1,015	1	0,85	0,72
7	1,03	1	0,74	0,54
8	1,04	1	0,65	0,42

 $\Delta \mathbf{T_w}$  Difference between water inlet temperature and water outlet temperature

 $\mathbf{C}_{\text{PF/PT}}$  Corrective coefficient of cooling/heating capacity

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{PA}} & \text{Correction coefficient of electrical input} \\ \mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{Qw}} & \text{Correction coefficient of water flow rate} \\ \mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{\Delta pw1}} & \text{Correction coefficient of pressure drop} \end{array}$ 

# 9.2 WATER AND GLYCOL MIXTURE

Based on the minimum outlet water temperature, you can derive the percentage of ethylene glycol and the corrective coefficient using the table below.

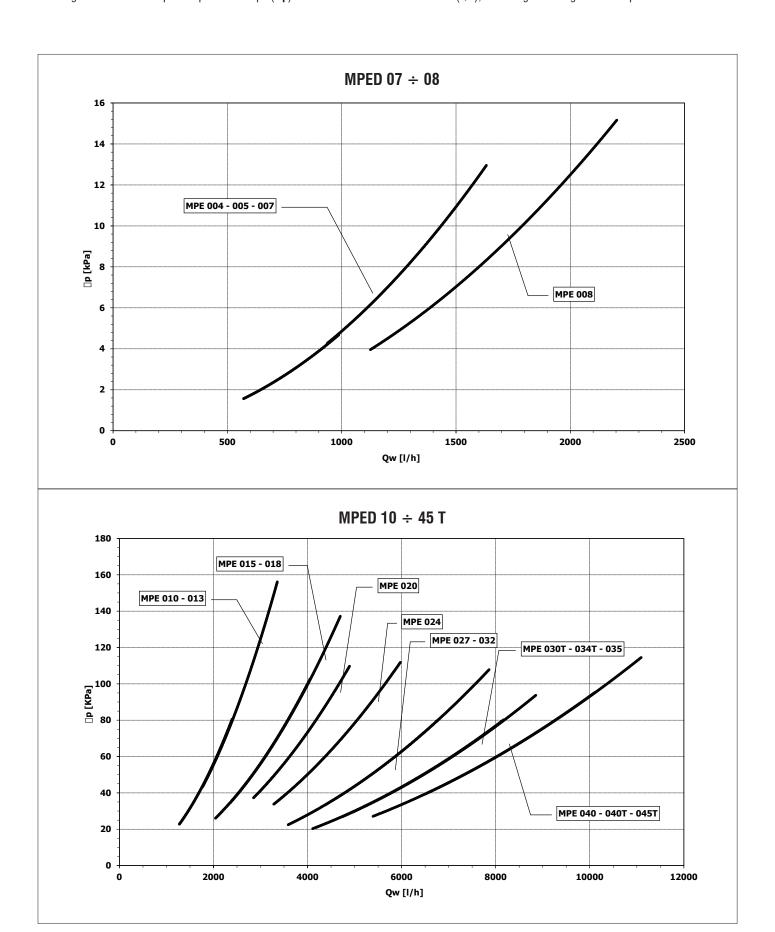
PERCENTAGE OF ETHYLENE GLYCOL	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%
Minimum temp. of water produced	5°C	2°C	-5°C	-10°C	-15°C
Mixture freezing temp. (°C)	0°C	-4°C	-14°C	-18°C	-24°C
Capacity correction factor	1,000	0,998	0,994	0,989	0,983
Water flow rate correction factor	1,000	1,047	1,094	1,140	1,199
Pressure drop correction factor	1,000	1,157	1,352	1,585	1,860

**Warning** The use of propylene glycol is not admitted with standard pumps. For further information, contact the manufacturer.



# 10.1 PRESSURE DROPS ON THE WATER SIDE

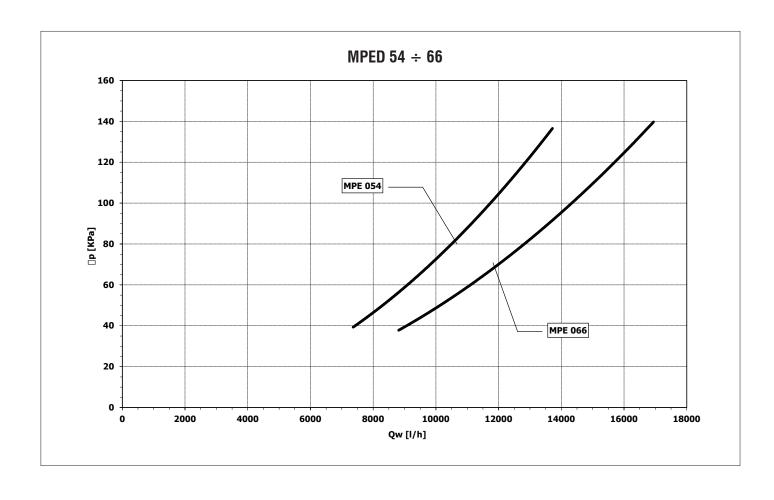
The diagram shows the evaporator pressure drops ( $\Delta p$ ) as a function of the water flow rate (Q w), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C.





# 10.1 PRESSURE DROPS ON THE WATER SIDE

The diagram shows the evaporator pressure drops ( $\Delta p$ ) as a function of the water flow rate ( $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{w}$ ), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C.

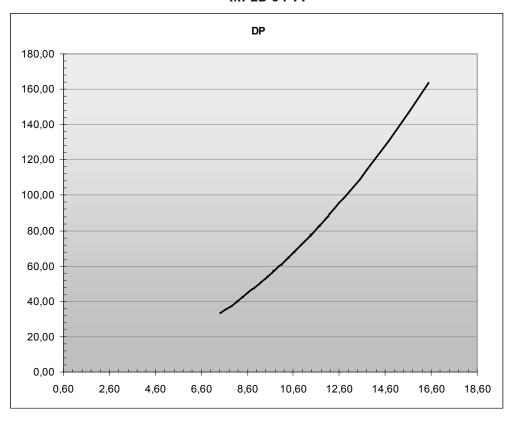




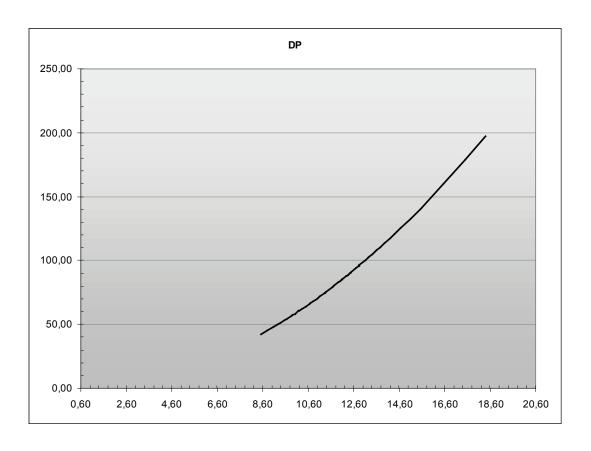
# 10.1 PRESSURE DROPS ON THE WATER SIDE

The diagram shows the evaporator pressure drops ( $\Delta p$ ) as a function of the water flow rate ( $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{w}$ ), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C.

# **MPED 54 TT**



MPED 61 T

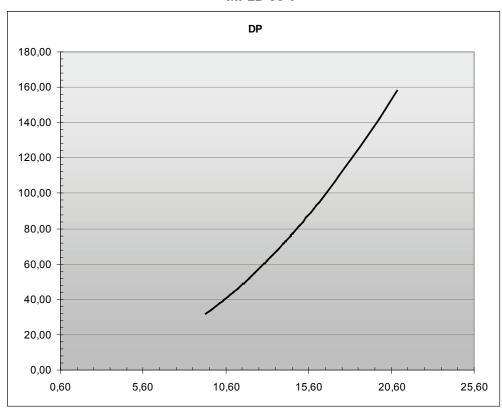




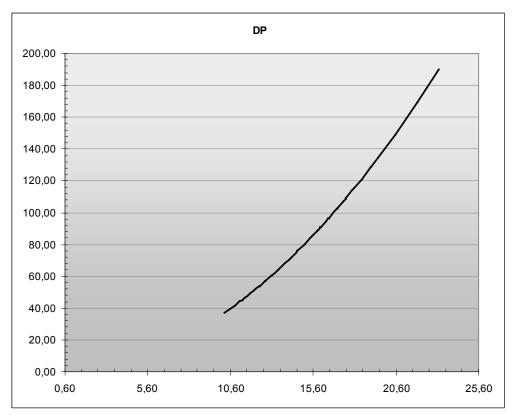
# 10.1 PRESSURE DROPS ON THE WATER SIDE

The diagram shows the evaporator pressure drops ( $\Delta p$ ) as a function of the water flow rate ( $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{w}$ ), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C.





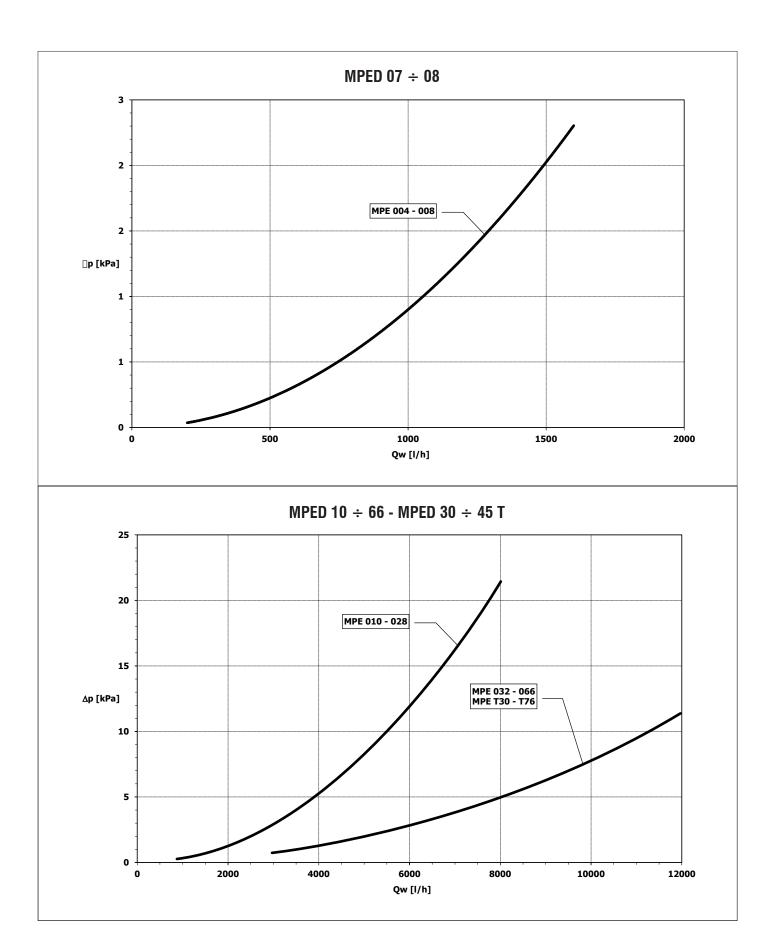
**MPED 76 T** 





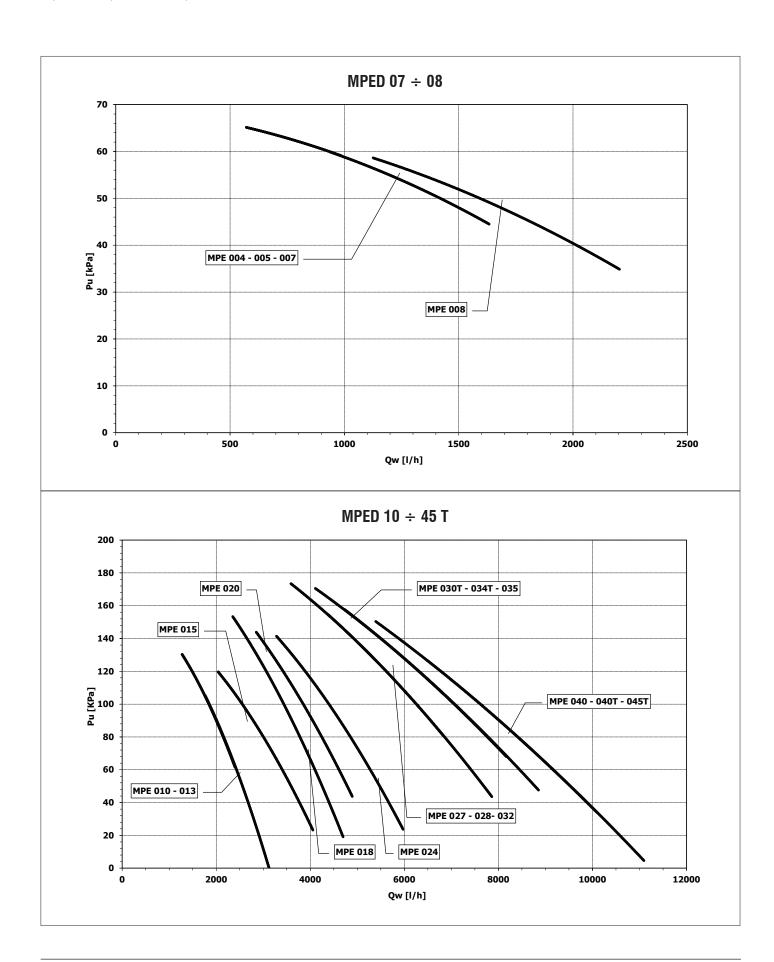
# 10.2 PRESSURE DROPS OF Y FILTER

The diagram shows the Y filter pressure drops ( $\Delta p$ ) as a function of the water flow rate (Qw), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C.



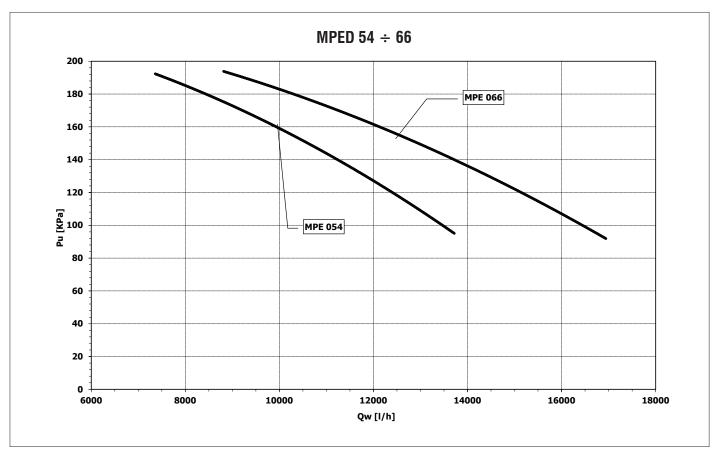


The diagram below shows the available head (Pu) of the unit as a function of the water flow rate (Qw), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C, net of pressure drops. Pressure drops of the Y filter are not counted.

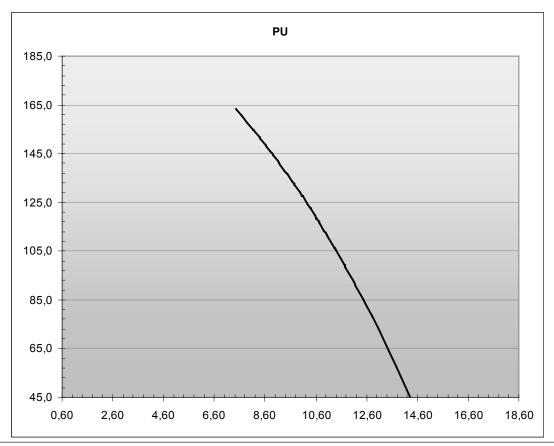




The diagram below shows the available head (Pu) of the unit as a function of the water flow rate (Qw), assuming an average water temperature of 10°C, net of pressure drops. Pressure drops of the Y filter are not counted.



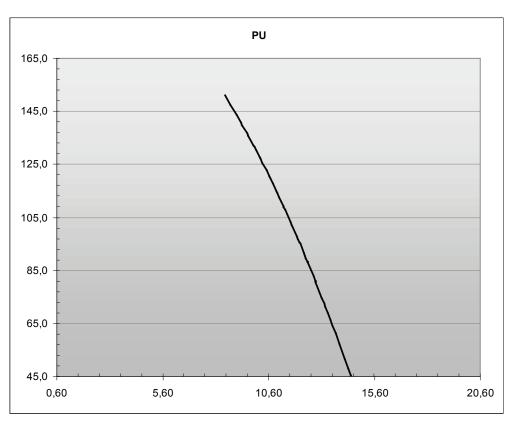
MPED 54 T



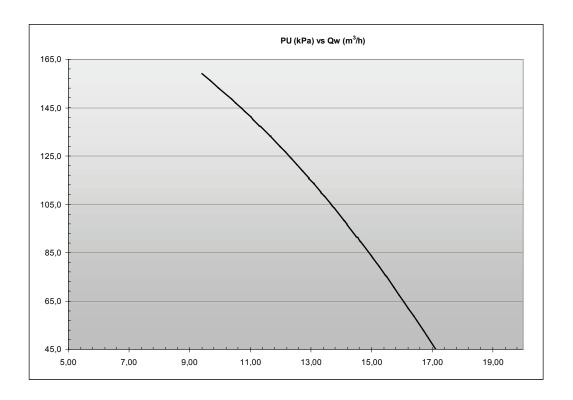


The diagram below shows the available head (Pu) of the unit as a function of the water flow rate (Qw), assuming an average water temperature of  $10^{\circ}C$ , net of pressure drops. Pressure drops of the Y filter are not counted.





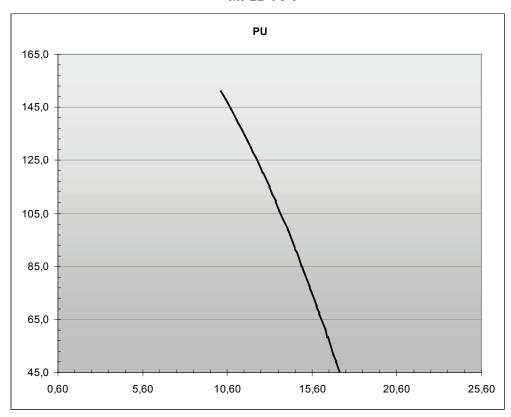
**MPED 69 T** 





The diagram below shows the available head (Pu) of the unit as a function of the water flow rate (Qw), assuming an average water temperature of  $10^{\circ}$ C, net of pressure drops. Pressure drops of the Y filter are not counted.

# **MPED 76 T**





# 12 WATER CIRCUIT

When setting up the water circuit of the unit, it is advisable to follow the directions below and in any case comply with local or national regulations. Connect the pipes to the chiller using flexible couplings to prevent the transmission of vibrations and to compensate thermal expansions.

It is recommended to install the following components on the pipes:

- Temperature and pressure indicators for routine maintenance and monitoring of the unit. Checking the pressure on the water side will enable you to verify whether the expansion tank is working efficiently and to promptly detect any water leaks within the equipment.
- Traps on incoming and outgoing pipes for temperature measurements, which can provide a direct reading of the operating temperatures.
- Regulating valves (gate valves) for isolating the unit from the water circuit.
- Metal mesh filter (supplied), with a mesh size no greater than 1 mm, to be fitted on the inlet pipe to protect the exchanger from scale or impurities present in the pipes.
- Air vent valves, to be placed at the highest points of the water circuit for the purpose of bleeding air. (The internal pipes of the unit are fitted with small air vent valves for bleeding the unit itself: this operation may only be carried out when the unit is disconnected from the power supply).
- Drainage valve and, where necessary, a drainage tank for emptying out the equipment for maintenance purposes or when the unit is taken out of service at the end of the season. (A 1" drainage valve is provided on the optional water buffer tank: this operation may only be carried out when the unit is disconnected from the power supply).

It is of fundamental importance that the incoming water supply is hooked up to the connection marked "Water Inlet".

Otherwise the evaporator would be exposed to the risk of freezing since the antifreeze thermostat would not be able to perform its function; moreover the reverse cycle would not be respected in the cooling mode, resulting in additional risks of malfunctioning.

The dimensions and position of plumbing connections are shown in the dimension tables at the end of the manual.

The water circuit must be set up in such a way as to guarantee that the nominal flow rate of the water supplied to the evaporator remains constant (+/- 15%) in all operating conditions. A standard feature of MPED units is a device for controlling the flow rate (flow switch or differential pressure switch) in the water circuit in the immediate vicinity of the evaporator.

### 12.1 SYSTEM WATER CONTENT AND CHARGING OF EXPANSION TANK

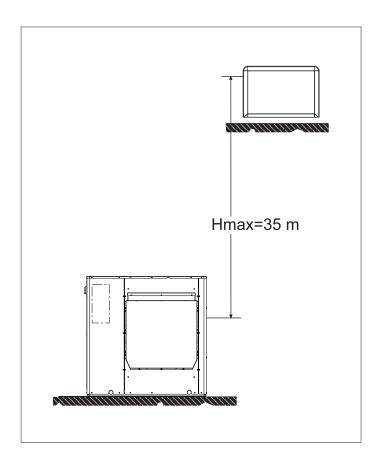
In models without a water storage reservoir it is necessary to assure that the content of water within the system does not fall below 3.5 litres/kW in the case of cooling-only models and 4.5 litres/kW in the case of heat pump models. This level is necessary to prevent the water temperature from falling below the indoor unit enabling threshold during defrost cycles.

### N.B. kW in reference to rated capacity

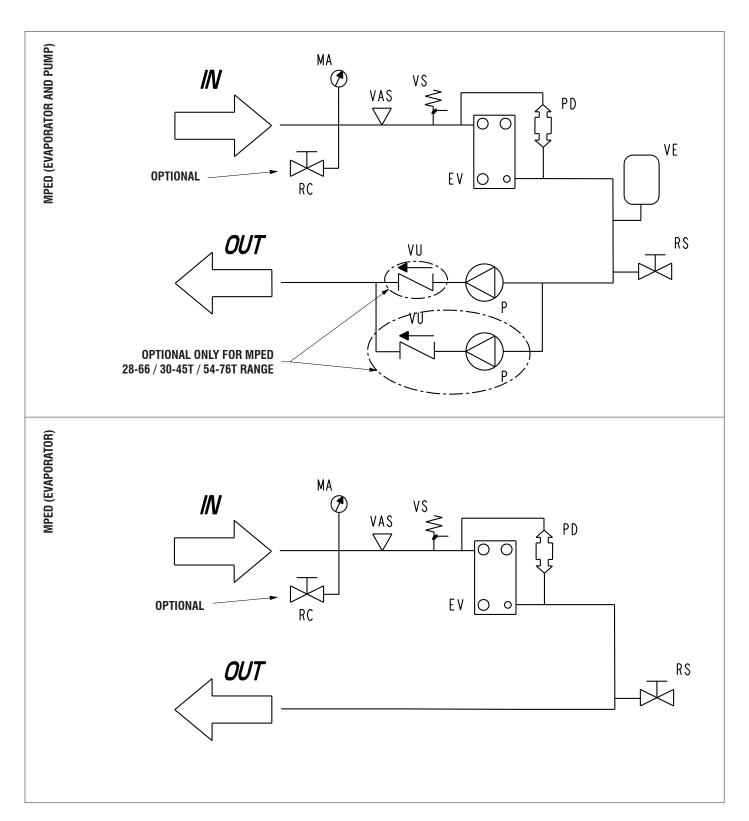
The expansion tank is pre-charged to a pressure of 1.5 bars, sufficient for systems with a maximum height difference (H in the figure at the side) of 13 metres. For greater height differences, refer to the table below in order to adjust the charging pressure of the expansion tank accordingly. In no case should you exceed the maximum height difference Hmax = 35 m.

Models	H (m)	pi (bar)	Cmax (I)
80	<5	0,7	38
MPED 004-008	7	0,9	36
700 (	10	1,2	32
ΙΡΕΓ	13	1,5	29
2	15	1,7	27
7	<13	1,5	145
)-02	15	1,7	133
MPED 010-027	20	2,2	105
ΙΡΕΓ	25	2,7	77
2	30	3,1	49
MPED 028-066 T30-T45	<13	1,5	231
	15	1,7	213
) 028 30-T	20	2,2	168
APEC T3	25	2,7	124
_ ≥	30	3,1	79

	LEGEND
Н	Height difference of system
p <sub>i</sub>	Charging pressure of expansion tank
C <sub>max</sub>	Maximum system water content



# 12 WATER CIRCUIT

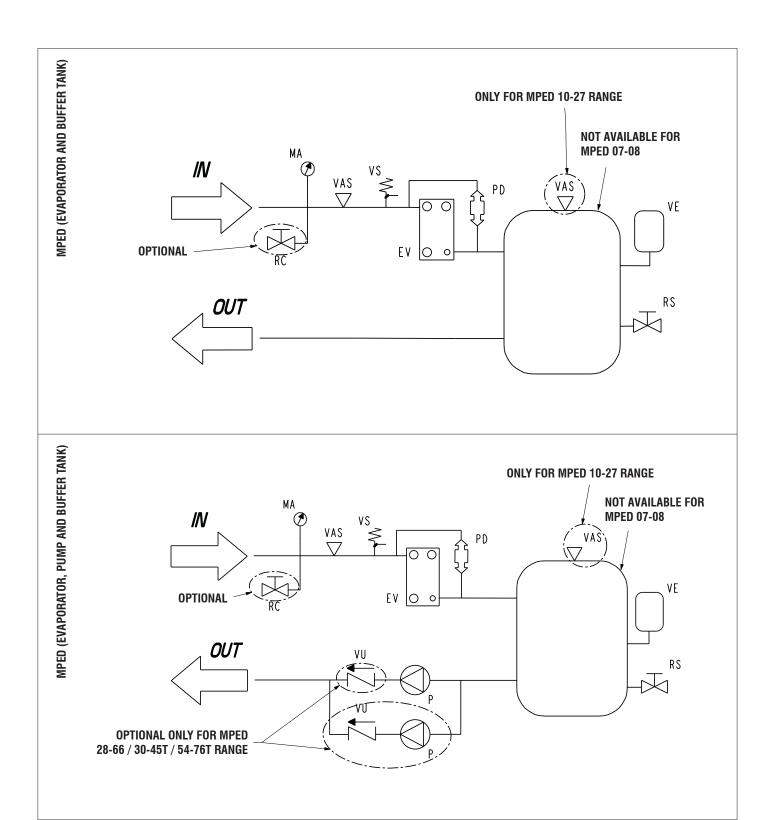


LEGEND
Safety valve
Evaporator
Water differential pressure switch
Water gauge
Air bleed hole

VE	Expansion vessel
P	Pump
RS	Drain
RC	Water charge
VU	Check valve



# 12 WATER CIRCUIT



	LEGEND
VS	Safety valve
EV	Evaporator
PD	Water differential pressure switch
MA	Water gauge
VAS	Air bleed hole

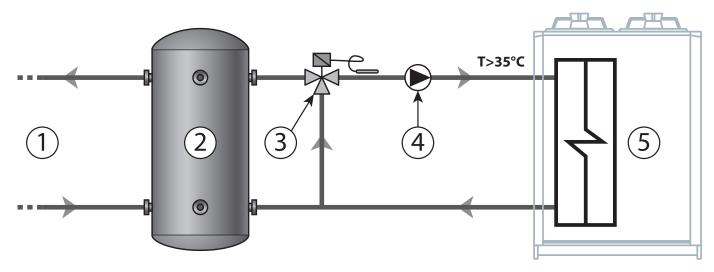
VE	Expansion vessel
Р	Pump
RS	Drain
RC	Water charge
VU	Check valve



# 12.2 DE-SUPERHEATER FOR PARTIAL HEAT RECOVERY

The partial heat recovery option is provided by a braze-welded plate heat exchanger placed in series on the compressor delivery (typically in series in relation to the finned pack condenser). Its size is designed to limit pressure drops on the refrigerant side to a minimum.

All machines configured with heat recovery use as per standard modulating condensation control. In order to avoid any unbalance in the cooling circuit, if there are start-ups with very low water temperatures at recovery (<35°C), the hydraulic recovery circuit must be set up as indicated in the following figure: a low water temperature at recovery would cause a drop in the condensation temperature and therefore an insufficient pressure jump on the expansion valve with the ensuing risk of the safety devices being triggered.



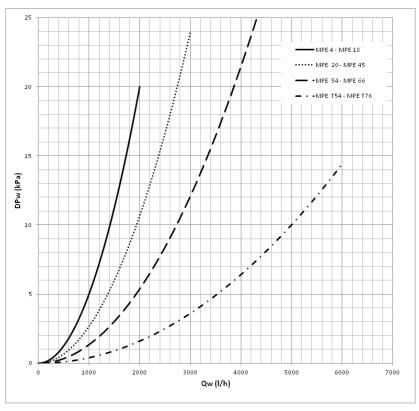
- 1 Utility side
- 2 Storage tank
- 3 Mixing valve
- 4 Circulation pump
- 5 On-board de-superheater

The bulb of the 3-way mixer valve is placed at the de-superheater exchanger inlet. By mixing the hot water produced by the recovery with colder water from the tank, it reduces the time needed for the system to reach full operating capacity to a few moments.

A buffer tank must be placed between the unit and the utility since the demand for hot water and its availability are not simultaneous, because it needs the compressors to be running.

It should be pointed out that the heat recovery output is linked to the dispensed cooling output and that, therefore, in partial load situations it is also reduced just the same; this aspect must be taken into consideration for the dimensions of the buffer tank.

The partial heat recovery option is supplied only with the de-superheater exchanger. The other components of the circuit laid out in the previous figure are not included in the supply.





## 13 ELECTRICAL DATA AND CONNECTIONS

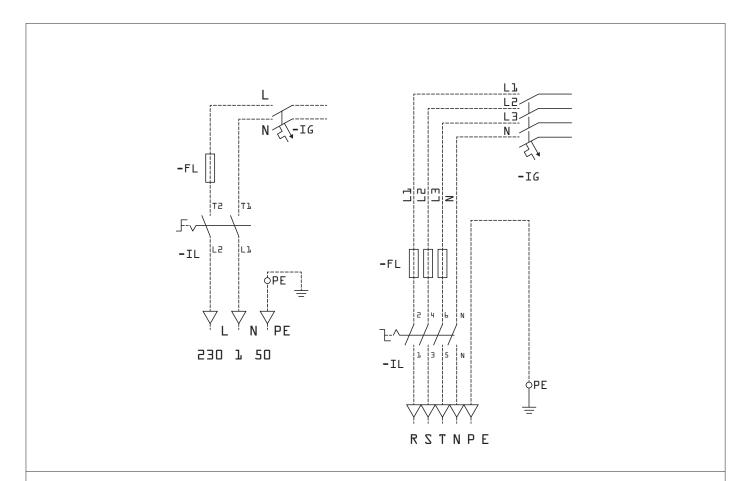
MPED		007M	008 M	008	010 M	010	013	015	018	020	024	027	028	032
Maximum power input	kW	3,32	5,28	5,28	7,26	7,81	9,46	11,0	13,7	13,8	13,5	14,4	15,3	17,3
Maximum current absorption	А	17,0	26,0	11,0	32,9	17,9	21,0	23,6	25,8	25,8	26,1	27,7	37,4	40,7
Starting absorbed current	Α	63	98	49	97	48	63	66	76	105	145	145	145	166
Fan motor rated power	kW	0,369	0,369	0,369	1,11	1,04	0,84	0,84	2,13	2,25	1,78	1,78	2x1,25	2x1,25
Fan motor rated current	А	1,82	1,82	1,82	4,49	4,49	3,56	3,56	3,45	3,45	2,87	2,87	2x5,45	2x5,45
Pump motor rated power	kW	0,20	0,20	0,20	0,29	0,29	0,31	0,32	0,37	0,37	0,37	0,37	0,55	0,55
Pump motor rated current	Α	0,90	0,90	0,90	2,10	2,10	2,25	2,32	2,72	2,72	2,72	2,72	2,74	2,74
Power supply	V/f/Hz	230-1-50 400-3N-50 230-1-50 400-3N-50												
Auxiliary power supply	V/f/Hz	230-1-50												
Power cables	mm2	6	10	4	10	4	6	6	10	10	10	10	10	10
PCD connecting cables	mm2	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22
PCDS connecting cables	mm2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Safety fuse F	Α	25	32	16	40	20	25	25	32	32	32	32	40	40
Circuit breaker IL	Α	25	32	16	40	20	25	25	32	32	32	32	40	40
MPED		035	040	054	066	T30	T34	T40	T45	T54	T61	T69	T76	
Maximum power input	kW	18,5	21,0	27,9	34,4	22,7	25,4	25,3	27,1	30,4	32,8	37,6	41,8	
Maximum current absorption	Α	42,7	47,2	51,8	63,0	49,9	54,5	54,5	57,5	55,9	60,1	68,3	75,5	
Starting absorbed current	Α	161	183	221	266	103	115	146	156	177	187	202	229	
Fan motor rated power	kW	2x1,25	2x1,19	2x1,43	2x1,43	2x1,25	2x1,25	2x1,19	2x1,19	2x2,25	2x2,25	2x2,20	2x2,20	
Fan motor rated current	Α	2x5,45	2x5,16	2x2,26	2x2,26	2x5,45	2x5,45	2x5,16	2x5,16	2x3,64	2x3,64	2x3,55	2x3,55	
Pump motor rated power	kW	0,55	0,55	1,26	1,26	0,55	0,55	0,55	0,55	1,26	1,26	1,26	1,26	
Pump motor rated current	Α	2,74	2,74	5,9	5,9	2,74	2,74	2,74	2,74	5,90	5,90	5,90	5,90	
Power supply	V/f/Hz	400-3N-50												
Auxiliary power supply	V/f/Hz	230-1-50												
Power cables	mm2	16	16	16	10	16	16	16	16	16	16	25	25	
PCD connecting cables	mm2	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	AWG22	
PCDS connecting cables	mm2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Safety fuse F	Α	50	50	63	63	50	63	63	63	63	63	80	80	
Circuit breaker IL	Α	50	50	63	63	50	63	63	63	63	63	80	80	

<sup>-</sup> The maximum input power is the mains power that must be available in order for the unit to work.

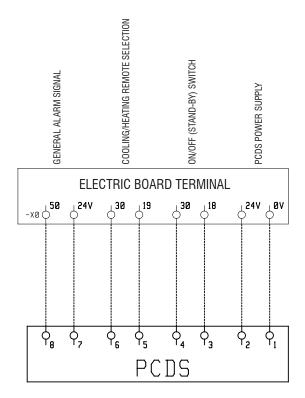
The maximum current absorption refers to the current that will trigger the internal safety devices of the unit. It is the maximum current allowed in the unit This value may never be exceeded; it must be used as a reference for determining the size of the power supply line and the related safety devices (refer to the wiring diagram supplied with the units). Cross-section area of cables: 4 A/mm2 approx.

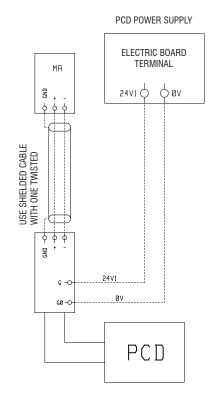


### 13 ELECTRICAL DATA AND CONNECTIONS



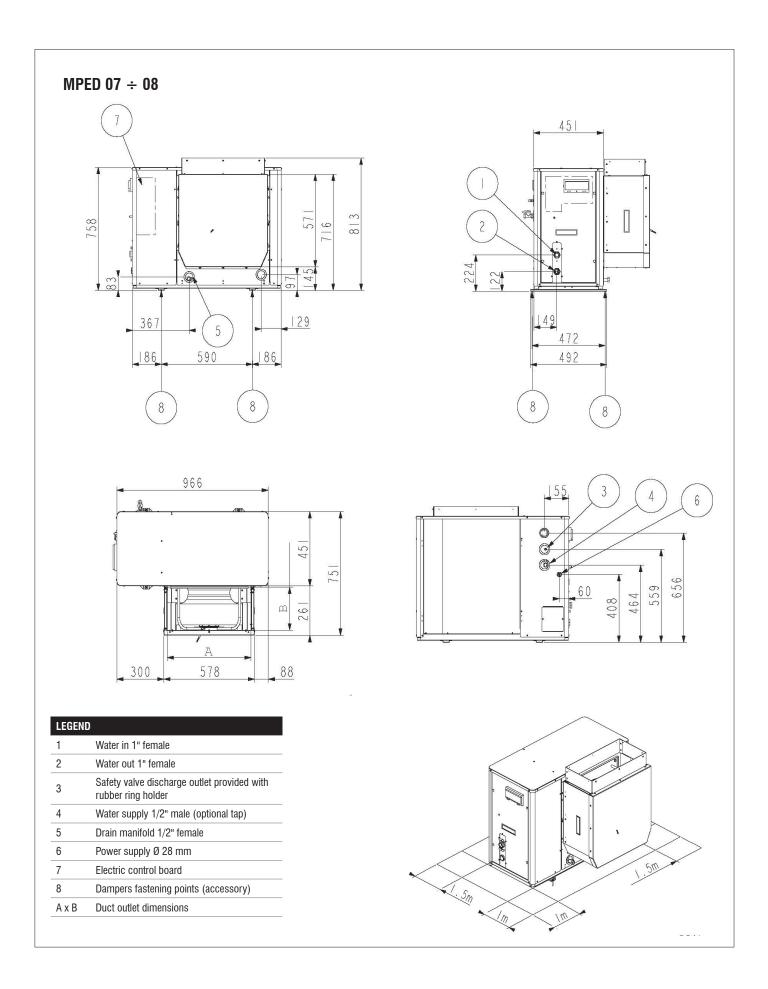
### DIAGRAM SHOWING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS BETWEEN MPED AND PCDS / PCD REMOTE CONTROL PANEL





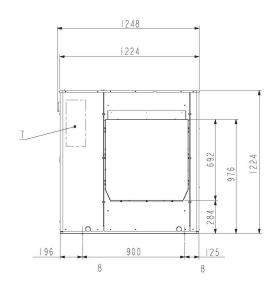
**NOTE:** On the terminal block of the electric control panel a voltage of 24V will be present at the 50/24V terminals in the event of an alarm; if it is desired to interface with a voltage-free contact, a relay must be applied for this purpose by the installer.

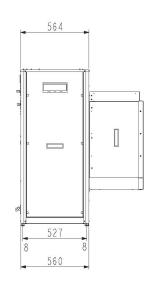


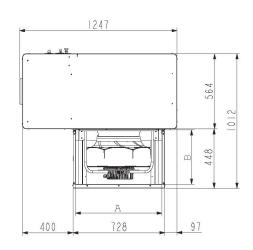


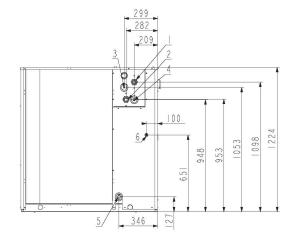


## MPED 10 ÷ 15

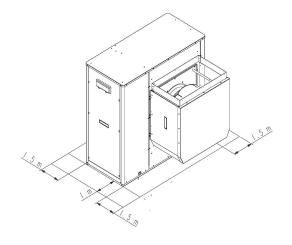




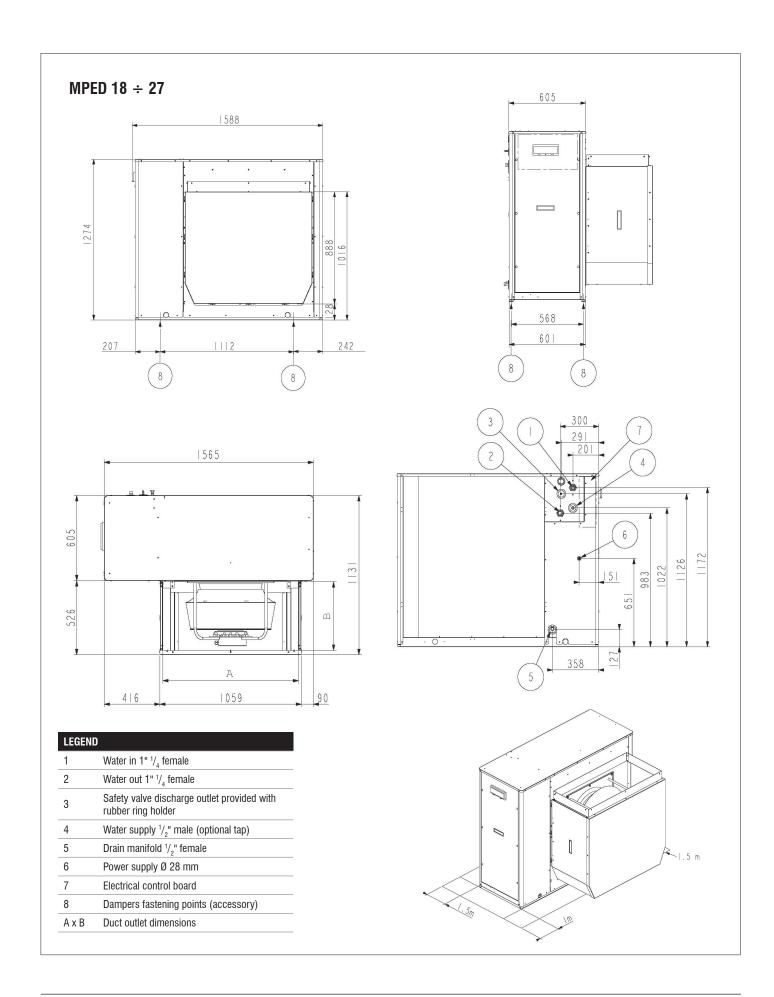




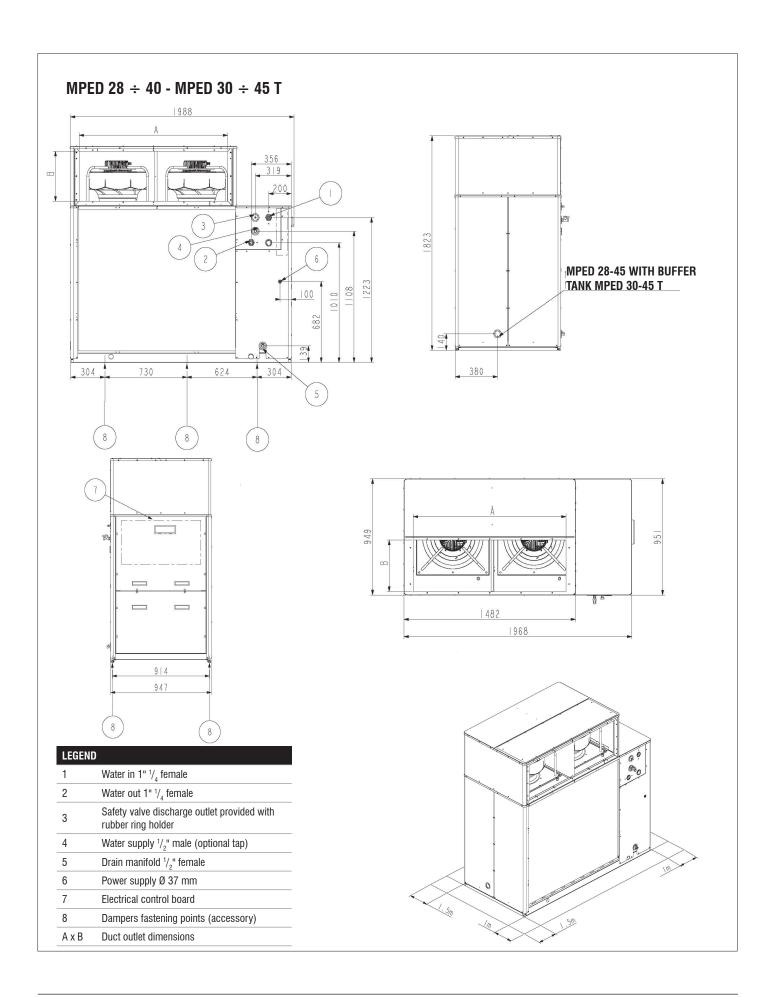
LEGENI	D
1	Water in 1" female
2	Water out 1" female
3	Safety valve discharge outlet provided with rubber ring holder
4	Water supply 1/2" male (optional tap)
5	Drain manifold 1/2" female
6	Power supply Ø 28 mm
7	Electrical control board
8	Dampers fastening points (accessory)
АхВ	Duct outlet dimensions



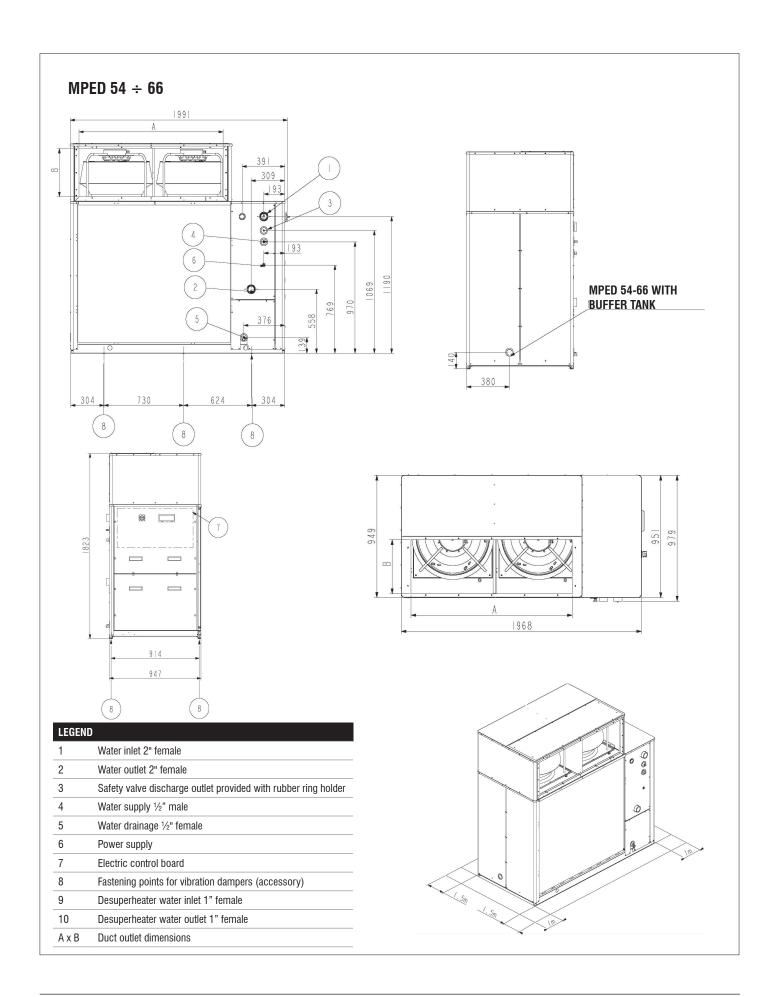




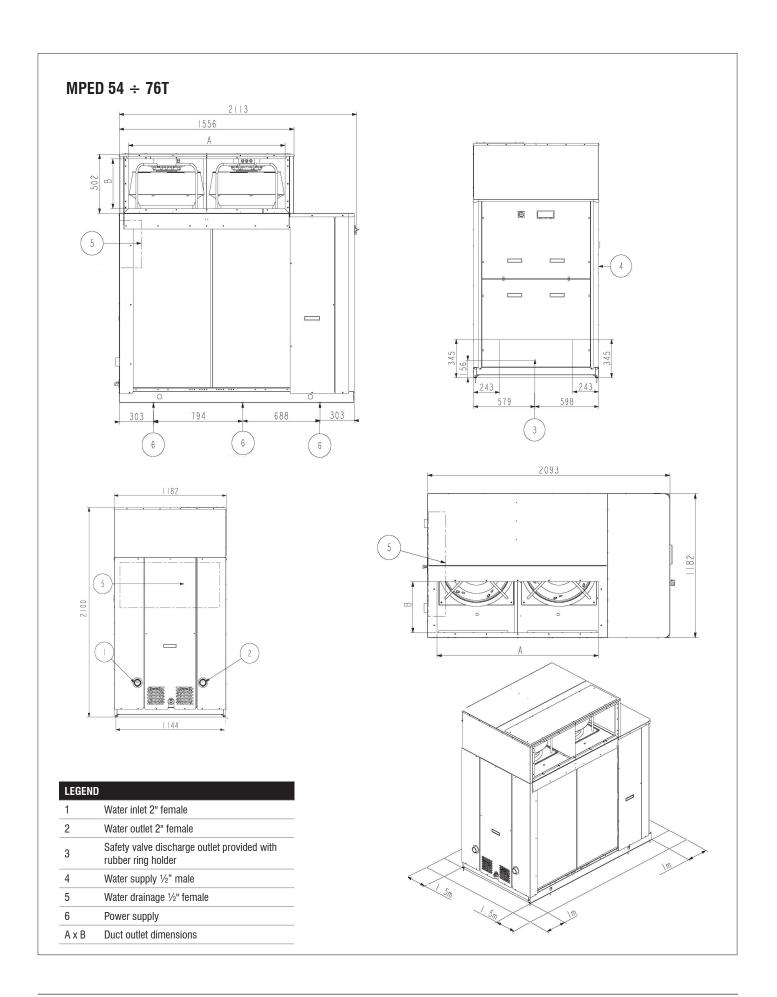














The table shows the dimensions of the duct outlet. For the frames with fans located on top of the unit (models 28 - T76), the duct can be installed by removing the top panel or side panel of the fan compartment, as shown respectively in the top and front views of the dimensional diagrams. The isometric view shows, for example, the case of ducting on the side panel.

DUCT DIMENSIONS	007M	008 M	008	010 M	010	013	015	018	020	024	027	028	032
A (mm)	535	535	535	605	605	605	605	1015	1015	1015	1015	1320	1320
B (mm)	300	300	300	409	409	409	409	487	487	487	487	420	420
DUCT DIMENSIONS	035	040	054	066	T30	T34	T40	T45	T54	T61	T69	T76	
A (mm)	1320	1320	1320	1320	1320	1320	1320	1320	1394	1394	1394	1394	
B (mm)	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	



#### 15 INSTALLATION CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS AND SITING

To guarantee the proper functioning of the unit and access for maintenance purposes, it is necessary to comply with the minimum installation clearance requirements shown in figures 1, 2, 3 and 4.

There must be no obstacles blocking the path of the air flow from the fans.

Avoid any and all situations of backflow of hot air between air outlet and inlet of the unit.

If even only one of the above conditions is not fulfilled, please contact the manufacturer to check for feasibility.

In the design of the MPED series, special care has been taken to minimise noise and vibrations transmitted to the ground.

Even greater insulation may be obtained, however, by using vibration damping base supports (available as optional accessories).

If vibration damping base supports are adopted, it is strongly recommended also to use vibration damping couplings on the water pipes.

Whenever the unit is to be sited on unstable ground (various types of soil, gardens, etc.) it is a good idea to provide a supporting base of adequate dimensions.

**Warning** A heat pump units produce condensation while operating in the heating mode.

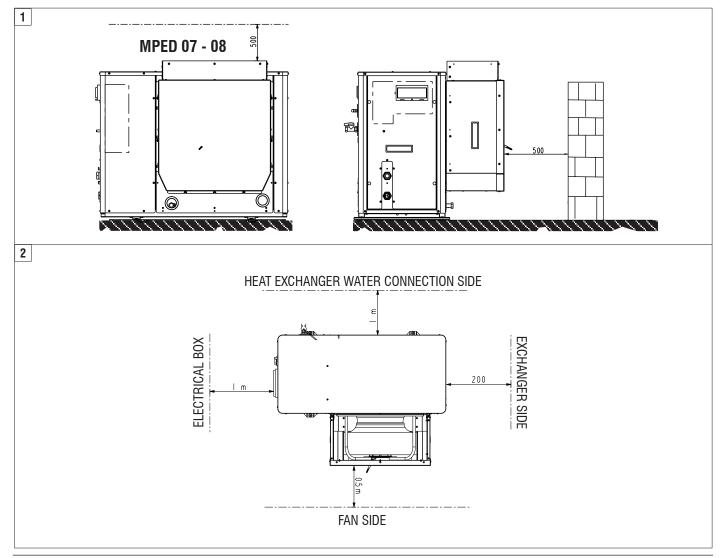
MPED water chillers and heat pumps are air-cooled units suitable for indoor installation. It is necessary to install air intake and outlet ducts that must be sized for the nominal air flow rate and the available useful pressure of each model. At the same time avoid installations that may allow air recirculation to take place between the intake and the outlet.

The figure shows a typical installation with air outlet from above.

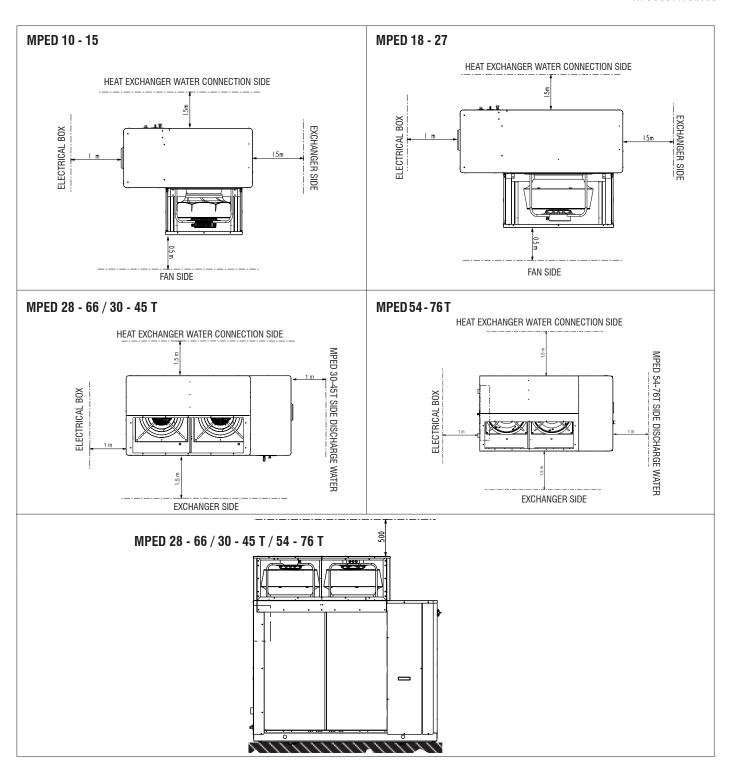
It is important to bear in mind the following aspects when choosing the best site for installing the unit:

- size and origin of water pipes;
- Location of the power supply;
- Solidity of the supporting surface;
- To position the unit so that prevalent winds do not alter the fan air flow).
- Avoid the transmission of noise and vibrations through the technical compartment and duct structure. To do this, use base vibration damping accessories and vibration dampers on the air outlet. If vibration damping base supports are adopted, it is strongly recommended also to use vibration damping couplings on the water pipes.
- Ensure proper accessibility for maintenance or repairs.

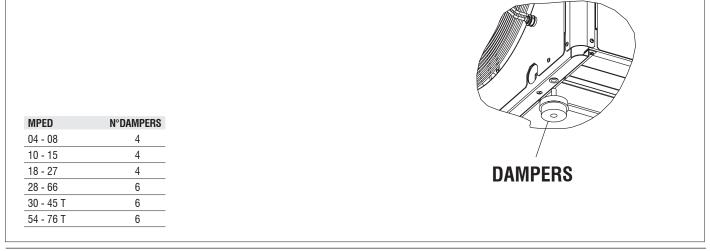
This device is not intended to be used by children or by people with physical, sensory or mental impairments, except under supervision. Make sure that children do not have access to the device.







#### 15.1 DAMPERS SITING





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